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1. ab ovo: from the beginning.
2. abattoir: a slaughterhouse.
3. abecedarian: pertaining to the alphabet; also, rudimentary; also, a beginner.
4. abed: in bed.
5. aberrant: abnormal.
6. aberrant: markedly different from an accepted norm.
7. abeyance: suspension; temporary cessation.
8. abjure: to renounce or reject with solemnity.
9. abjure: to renounce, reject, or shun.
10. ablution: the washing of the body, or some part of it
11. ablution: the washing of the body, or some part of it.
12. abominate: to detest intensely.
13. abrogate: to annul; to do away with.
14. abrogate: to annul; to do away with.
15. abrogate: to annul; to do away with.
16. abscond: to depart secretly.
17. abstemious: sparing in diet.
18. abstemious: sparing in diet.
19. abstemious: temperate; abstinent; refraining from indulgence.
20. abstruse: difficult to comprehend.
21. abulia: loss or impairment of the ability to act or to make decisions.
22. accede: to agree or assent; also, to become a party.
23. acclimate: to accustom or become accustomed to a new climate, environment, or situation.
24. acerbic: sharp, biting, or acid in temper, expression, or tone.
25. acme: the highest point of something
26. acquiesce: to accept or consent passively or without objection.
27. acquiesce: to concur, but not heartily.
28. acrid: bitter to the taste or smell.
29. acrid: bitter to the taste or smell.
30. acrid: sharp and harsh; bitter.
31. acrimony: bitter, harsh, or biting sharpness. bivouac: an encampment for the night.
32. acuity: acuteness of perception or vision.
33. acumen: quickness of perception or discernment.
34. adage: an old saying.
35. adamant: not capable of being swayed.
36. adamant: not susceptible to persuasion; unyielding.
37. admonition: gentle or friendly reproof; friendly warning.
38. adumbrate: to give a slight representation of; to outline.
39. adumbrate: to outline; also, to foreshadow; also, to suggest; also, to shade.
40. adventitious: added extrinsically; not essentially inherent.
41. aegis: a shield; protection.
42. aesthete: one who cultivates great sensitivity to beauty.
43. aestival: of or belonging to the summer.
44. aestival: of or belonging to the summer.
45. affable: courteous; sociable
46. affable: courteous; sociable.
47. affable: easy to speak to; also, gracious.
48. afflatus: a divine inspiration
49. afflatus: a divine inspiration.
50. afflatus: a divine inspiration.

51. affray: a tumultuous assault or quarrel; a brawl.
52. aficionado: a fervent admirer; a fan.
53. aficionado: an enthusiastic admirer; a fan.
54. aggrandize: to make great.
55. aggrandize: to make or make appear great or greater.
56. aggress: to make an attack.
57. aggress: to make an attack.
58. aggress: to make an attack.
59. agitprop: propaganda.
60. agog: in eager desire.
61. agog: in eager desire.
62. agog: in eager desire.
63. agon: struggle; conflict.
64. agon: struggle; conflict.
65. agrestic: pertaining to fields or the country.
66. alacrity: a cheerful readiness, willingness, or promptitude.
67. alacrity: a cheerful readiness, willingness, or promptitude.
68. alacrity: cheerful readiness, willingness, or promptness.
69. alfresco: outdoors; outdoor.
70. alfresco: outdoors; outdoor.
71. algorithm: a step-by-step procedure for solving a problem.
72. alpenglow: a reddish glow seen near sunset or sunrise on the summits of mountains.
73. amalgam: an alloy of mercury with other metals; also, a mixture.
74. ambit: circuit or compass; also, sphere of action or influence.
75. ambit: circuit or compass; also, sphere of action or influence.
76. ameliorate: to make better.
77. ameliorate: to make or grow better.
78. amicable: characterized by friendliness and good will.
79. amity: friendship
80. amity: friendship.
81. amity: friendship; friendly relations.
82. anathema: a curse; a person or thing cursed, or intensely disliked.
83. anathema: a curse; a person or thing cursed, or intensely disliked.
84. ancillary: subordinate, subsidiary; auxiliary.
85. animadversion: harsh criticism or disapproval.
86. animadversion: harsh criticism or disapproval.
87. animus: a feeling of ill will; also, animating spirit; disposition
88. animus: a feeling of ill will; also, animating spirit; disposition.
89. animus: a feeling of ill will; also, animating spirit; disposition.
90. anodyne: serving to relieve pain
91. anodyne: serving to relieve pain.
92. anodyne: serving to relieve pain.
93. antediluvian: extremely old.
94. antediluvian: extremely old.
95. aplomb: confidence; coolness
96. aplomb: confidence; coolness.
97. aplomb: confidence; coolness.
98. apocryphal: of doubtful authority or authenticity.
99. apocryphal: of doubtful authority or authenticity.
100. apocryphal: of doubtful authority or authenticity.
101. apocryphal: of doubtful authority or authenticity.

102. apogee: the highest point.
103. apogee: the highest point.
104. apologia: a formal defense or justification.
105. apologia: a formal defense or justification.
106. apologia: a formal defense or justification.
107. apostasy: desertion or departure from one's faith, principles, or party.
108. apothegm: a short, witty, and instructive saying.
109. apothegm: a terse remark, conveying some important truth.
110. apotheosis: a model of excellence or perfection of a kind.
111. apparition: a ghost; also, an unexpected appearance
112. apparition: a ghost; also, an unexpected appearance.
113. apparition: a ghost; also, an unexpected appearance.
114. appellation: a name, title, or designation.
115. appellation: a name, title, or designation.
116. apposite: being of striking appropriateness
117. apposite: being of striking appropriateness.
118. apposite: of striking appropriateness and relevance.
119. apprise: to give notice to; to inform.
120. apprise: to give notice to; to inform.
121. apprise: to give notice to; to inform.
122. approbation: formal or official approval; also, praise.
123. approbation: formal or official approval; also, praise.
124. appurtenance: an adjunct or accessory.
125. arbiter: one having the power of judging and determining.
126. arbiter: one having the power of judging and determining.
127. arbitrage: The simultaneous purchase and sale of a good or asset.
128. arcane: understood by only a few.
129. arcane: understood or known by only a few.
130. arcanum: a secret; a mystery.
131. argot: a specialized vocabulary peculiar to a particular group.
132. argot: a specialized vocabulary peculiar to a particular group.
133. Argus-eyed: extremely observant; watchful.
134. Argus-eyed: extremely observant; watchful.
135. aright: rightly; correctly.
136. arrant: outright; thoroughgoing.
137. arriviste: an upstart.
138. arrogate: to claim or seize without right or justification.
139. ascetic: one who practices extreme self-denial; also, austere, severe.
140. ascetic: one who practices extreme self-denial; also, austere, severe.
141. ascetic: one who practices extreme self-denial; also, austere, severe.
142. ascribe: to attribute, as to a cause.
143. ascribe: to attribute.
144. asperity: roughness of surface, sound, or manner.
145. asperity: roughness, of surface, sound, or manner.
146. aspersion: a damaging or derogatory remark.
147. asseverate: to affirm or declare positively or earnestly.
148. assiduous: constant in application or attention
149. assiduous: constant in application or attention.
150. assiduous: constant in application or attention.
151. assuage: to soften; to ease, or lessen
152. assuage: to soften; to ease, or lessen.
153. astute: a word that is used to describe a person who is intelligent and resourceful.

154. atelier: a workshop; a studio.
155. atelier: a workshop; a studio.
156. atrabilious: irritable; ill-natured
157. atrabilious: irritable; ill-natured.
158. atrabilious: irritable; ill-natured.
159. aubade: a song greeting the dawn.
160. augury: an omen; prediction
161. augury: an omen; prediction
162. auspicious: favorable; also, prosperous.
163. auspicious: favorable; also, prosperous.
164. auspicious: favorable; also, prosperous; fortunate.
165. autochthonous: formed or existing where found.
166. autochthonous: indigenous; native.
167. autocrat: a despot.
168. autocrat: a despot. .
169. autocrat: a ruler with unlimited authority.
170. autodidact: a person who is self-taught.
171. autodidact: one who is self-taught.
172. avarice: an excessive desire of gain; greediness.
173. avarice: an excessive desire of gain; greediness.
174. avatar: an incarnation.
175. avatar: an incarnation.
176. aver: to assert as true
177. aver: to assert as true.
178. aver: to assert as true.
179. avoirdupois: weight; heaviness.
180. avoirdupois: weight; heaviness.
181. avuncular: resembling an uncle, as in kindness or indulgence.
182. avuncular: resembling an uncle.
183. avuncular: resembling an uncle.

B

184. bacchanalia: a revel.
185. badinage: light, playful talk.
186. badinage: playful raillery; banter.
187. bagatelle: a trifle; also, a short, light literary or musical piece.
188. bailiwick: a person's specific area of knowledge, authority, interest, skill, or work.
189. bailiwick: a person's specific area of knowledge, authority, interest, skill, or work.
190. banal: commonplace; trivial
191. bandog: a large and fierce dog.
192. bedaub: to besmear or soil.
193. bedaub: to besmear; also, to overdecorate.
194. bedizen: to dress or adorn in gaudy manner.
195. bedizen: to dress or adorn in gaudy manner.
196. beholden: obliged.
197. beholden: obliged; indebted.
198. beholden: obliged; indebted.
199. bellicose: inclined to or favoring war or strife.
200. bellicose: warlike; pugnacious.
201. bellwether: a leader of a movement or activity.
202. bellwether: a leader of a movement or activity.

- 203. bellwether: a leader or leading indicator.
- 204. benefaction: the act of conferring a benefit; also, a benefit conferred.
- 205. benefaction: the act of conferring a benefit; also, a benefit conferred.
- 206. beneficence: the practice of doing good.
- 207. beneficence: the practice of doing good.
- 208. benignant: kind; gracious; favorable.
- 209. benison: blessing; benediction.
- 210. berate: to scold severely or angrily.
- 211. berate: to scold severely.
- 212. bestow: to give or confer.
- 213. bete noire: something or someone especially hated.
- 214. bete noire: something or someone particularly detested or avoided.
- 215. bevy: a group; an assembly.
- 216. bibelot: a trinket.
- 217. bibulous: of, pertaining to, marked by, or given to the consumption of alcohol.
- 218. bifurcate: to divide into two branches.
- 219. bifurcate: to divide into two branches. bravura: a showy display.
- 220. bilious: of or pertaining to bile; also, ill-tempered.
- 221. bilious: of or pertaining to bile; also, ill-tempered.
- 222. billet: to quarter, or place in lodgings.
- 223. billet-doux: a love letter.
- 224. billingsgate: foul language.
- 225. bivouac: a usually temporary encampment; also, to encamp.
- 226. blackguard: a scoundrel.
- 227. blandishment: flattering speech or action; allurement.
- 228. blandishment: flattery intended to persuade.
- 229. bloviate: to speak or write in a pompous manner.
- 230. bombast: high-sounding words; an inflated style.
- 231. bombast: pompous or pretentious speech or writing.
- 232. bombinate: to buzz, hum, or drone.
- 233. bombinate: to buzz; to hum; to drone.
- 234. bon ton: the height of the fashion; fashionable society.
- 235. bonhomie: pleasant and easy manner.
- 236. bonhomie: pleasant and easy manner; geniality.
- 237. booboisie: a class of people regarded as stupid or foolish.
- 238. bootless: unavailing; unprofitable; useless.
- 239. bootless: unavailing; useless.
- 240. boulevardier: a man-about-town.
- 241. bouleversement: complete overthrow; a reversal.
- 242. bowdlerize: to remove or modify the parts considered offensive.
- 243. bowdlerize: to remove or modify the parts considered offensive.
- 244. brackish: somewhat salty; also, distasteful.
- 245. brackish: somewhat salty; also, distasteful.
- 246. braggadocio: empty boasting.
- 247. braggadocio: empty boasting.
- 248. bravado: a real or pretended show of courage or boldness.
- 249. bricolage: construction or something constructed by using whatever materials happen to be available.
- 250. brio: liveliness; spirit.
- 251. brio: vigor; vivacity.
- 252. Brobdingnagian: gigantic; enormous.
- 253. Brobdingnagian: of extraordinary height; gigantic.

- 254. bromide: a commonplace or conventional saying.
- 255. bromide: a commonplace or conventional saying.
- 256. bucolic: rustic; pastoral.
- 257. bucolic: rustic; pastoral.
- 258. bucolic: rustic; pastoral.
- 259. bumptious: crudely, presumptuously, or noisily self-assertive.
- 260. bumptious: obtusely and offensively self-assertive.
- 261. busker: a street musician or performer.
- 262. buss: a kiss; to kiss.
- 263. buss: kiss.

C

- 264. cabal: a group that seeks power usually through intrigue.
- 265. cadge: to beg; to sponge.
- 266. cadge: to beg; to sponge.
- 267. cadge: to beg; to sponge.
- 268. cadge: to beg; to sponge.
- 269. cadre: a core or nucleus of trained or otherwise qualified personnel around which an organization is formed.
- 270. cadre: a core or nucleus of trained or otherwise qualified personnel around which an organization is formed.
- 271. cadre: a small unit that serves as the nucleus of a larger organization.
- 272. cadre: a small unit that serves as the nucleus of a larger organization.
- 273. caesura: a break or pause in a line of verse; also, any break or pause.
- 274. caesura: a break or pause in a line of verse; also, any break or pause.
- 275. cajole: to coax.
- 276. callow: immature.
- 277. callow: immature.
- 278. callow: immature.
- 279. callow: immature.
- 280. calumny: malicious misrepresentation; slander.
- 281. calumny: malicious misrepresentation; slander.
- 282. camarilla: a group of secret and often scheming advisers.
- 283. camarilla: a group of secret and often scheming advisers.
- 284. canard: a fabricated sensational report or statement.
- 285. canard: a fabricated sensational report or statement.
- 286. canard: an unfounded or false report.
- 287. canard: an unfounded or false report.
- 288. canorous: melodious; musical.
- 289. canorous: melodious; musical.
- 290. canorous: melodious; musical.
- 291. canorous: melodious; musical.
- 292. cant: empty, solemn speech.
- 293. cant: empty, solemn speech.
- 294. capacious: able to contain much.
- 295. capacious: able to contain much.
- 296. capacious: able to contain much; large; roomy.
- 297. capacious: able to contain much; large; roomy.
- 298. cap-a-pie: from head to foot.
- 299. cap-a-pie: from head to foot.
- 300. capitulate: to surrender under agreed conditions.
- 301. capitulate: to surrender under agreed conditions.
- 302. capricious: whimsically changeable.

- 303. capricious: whimsical; changeable.
- 304. captious: disposed to find fault or raise objections.
- 305. captious: disposed to find fault or raise objections.
- 306. captious: disposed to find fault; eager to object.
- 307. captious: disposed to find fault; eager to object.
- 308. carapace: a shell; a protective covering.
- 309. carapace: a shell; a protective covering.
- 310. carom: to strike and rebound; also, a glancing off.
- 311. carom: to strike and rebound; also, a glancing off.
- 312. carom: to strike and rebound; also, a glancing off.
- 313. carom: to strike and rebound; also, a glancing off.
- 314. castigate: to punish or criticize severely.
- 315. castigate: to punish or criticize severely.
- 316. castigate: to punish or criticize severely.
- 317. castigate: to punish or criticize severely.
- 318. cataract: a large waterfall; also, a downpour, a flood.
- 319. cataract: a large waterfall; also, a downpour, a flood.
- 320. cataract: a large waterfall; also, a downpour, a flood.
- 321. cataract: a large waterfall; also, a downpour, a flood.
- 322. caterwaul: to make a harsh cry or screech.
- 323. caterwaul: to make a harsh cry or screech.
- 324. cavalcade: a procession.
- 325. cavalcade: a procession.
- 326. caveat: a warning or caution.
- 327. caveat: a warning or caution.
- 328. caveat: a warning or caution.
- 329. caveat: a warning or caution.
- 330. cavil: a frivolous objection.
- 331. cavil: a frivolous objection.
- 332. cavil: to raise trivial objections; also, a trivial objection.
- 333. cavil: to raise trivial objections; also, a trivial objection.
- 334. cavort: to bound or prance about.
- 335. celerity: quickness; swiftness.
- 336. celerity: quickness; swiftness.
- 337. celerity: quickness; swiftness.
- 338. celerity: quickness; swiftness.
- 339. censorious: harshly critical.
- 340. censorious: harshly critical.
- 341. censure: to criticize severely; also, an expression of disapproval.
- 342. censure: to criticize severely; also, an expression of disapproval.
- 343. censure: to criticize severely; also, an expression of disapproval.
- 344. censure: to criticize severely; also, an expression of disapproval.
- 345. cerebration: mental activity.
- 346. cerebration: mental activity.
- 347. cerebration: the act or product of thinking.
- 348. cerebration: the act or product of thinking.
- 349. chagrin: acute vexation or embarrassment.
- 350. chagrin: acute vexation or embarrassment.
- 351. chagrin: acute vexation or embarrassment.
- 352. chagrin: acute vexation or embarrassment.
- 353. chary: careful; wary; cautious.
- 354. chary: careful; wary; cautious.

- 355. chary: wary; cautious.
- 356. chary: wary; cautious.
- 357. chicanery: the use of trickery to deceive.
- 358. chicanery: the use of trickery to deceive.
- 359. chicanery: the use of trickery to deceive.
- 360. chicanery: the use of trickery to deceive.
- 361. chichi: affectedly trendy.
- 362. chichi: affectedly trendy.
- 363. chimera: a mental fabrication.
- 364. chimerical: merely imaginary; fanciful
- 365. chimerical: merely imaginary;
- 366. choler: anger.
- 367. choler: anger.
- 368. choleric: easily angered; also, indicating or expressing anger.
- 369. choleric: easily angered; also, indicating or expressing anger.
- 370. chortle: to utter, or express with, a snorting, exultant laugh or chuckle.
- 371. chortle: to utter, or express with, a snorting, exultant laugh or chuckle.
- 372. chthonic: dwelling in or under the earth; also, pertaining to the underworld.
- 373. chthonic: dwelling in or under the earth; also, pertaining to the underworld.
- 374. chthonic: dwelling in or under the earth; also, pertaining to the underworld.
- 375. chthonic: dwelling in or under the earth; also, pertaining to the underworld.
- 376. circumambient: surrounding; encompassing.
- 377. circumambient: surrounding; encompassing.
- 378. circumambient: surrounding; encompassing.
- 379. circumambient: surrounding; encompassing.
- 380. circumlocution: the use of many words to express an idea that might be expressed by few.
- 381. circumlocution: the use of many words to express an idea that might be expressed by few.
- 382. circumlocution: the use of many words to express an idea that might be expressed by few.
- 383. circumlocution: the use of many words to express an idea that might be expressed by few.
- 384. circumspect: cautious; prudent.
- 385. circumspect: cautious; prudent.
- 386. circumspect: cautious; prudent; wary.
- 387. circumspect: cautious; prudent; wary.
- 388. clamber: to climb with difficulty, or on all fours.
- 389. clamber: to climb with difficulty, or on all fours.
- 390. clamber: to climb with difficulty, or with hands and feet.
- 391. clamber: to climb with difficulty, or with hands and feet.
- 392. claque: a group of fawning admirers.
- 393. clarion: a kind of trumpet; also, loud and clear.
- 394. clarion: a kind of trumpet; also, loud and clear.
- 395. clemency: disposition to show mercy; also, an act of mercy.
- 396. clemency: disposition to show mercy; also, an act of mercy.
- 397. clerisy: the intelligentsia.
- 398. clinquant: tinsel.
- 399. clinquant: tinsel.
- 400. Cockaigne: an imaginary land of ease and luxury.
- 401. Cockaigne: an imaginary land of ease and luxury.
- 402. coeval: existing during the same period of time; also, a contemporary.

403. coeval: existing during the same period of time; also, a contemporary.
404. cogent: appealing to the mind or to reason; convincing.
405. cogent: appealing to the mind or to reason; convincing.
406. cogent: having the power to compel conviction.
407. cogent: having the power to compel conviction.
408. cogitate: consider carefully and deeply; ponder.
409. cogitate: consider carefully and deeply; ponder.
410. cogitate: to think; to ponder.
411. cogitate: to think; to ponder.
412. cognoscente: a person with special knowledge.
413. cognoscente: a person with special knowledge.
414. cognoscente: an expert in a certain field.
415. cognoscente: an expert in a certain field.
416. cohort: a group; also, a companion or associate.
417. cohort: a group; also, a companion or associate.
418. collegial: characterized by or having authority vested equally among colleagues; also, collegiate.
419. collegial: characterized by or having authority vested equally among colleagues.
420. collegial: characterized by or having authority vested equally among colleagues; also, collegiate.
421. collegial: characterized by or having authority vested equally among colleagues.
422. colloquial: characteristic of informal spoken language.
423. colloquial: characteristic of informal spoken language.
424. collude: to act in concert; to conspire.
425. collude: to act in concert; to conspire.
426. collude: to conspire; to act in concert.
427. collude: to conspire; to act in concert.
428. comely: pleasing to the sight.
429. comely: pleasing to the sight.
430. comely: pleasing to the sight.
431. comely: pleasing to the sight.
432. comestible: suitable to be eaten.
433. comestible: suitable to be eaten.
434. comestible: suitable to be eaten.
435. comestible: suitable to be eaten.
436. comity: a state of mutual civility and respect.
437. comity: a state of mutual civility and respect.
438. comity: a state of mutual harmony, friendship, and respect.
439. comity: a state of mutual harmony, friendship, and respect.
440. commensurate: equal in measure or extent; also, proportionate repletion: the condition of being completely or excessively full.
441. commensurate: equal in measure or extent; also, proportionate.
442. commensurate: equal in measure or extent; also, proportionate.
443. commensurate: equal in measure or extent; also, proportionate.
444. commodious: comfortably spacious; roomy.
445. commodious: comfortably spacious; roomy.
446. commodious: comfortably spacious; roomy.
447. commodious: comfortably spacious; roomy.
448. complaisant: exhibiting a desire to please.
449. complaisant: exhibiting a desire to please.
450. complement: something that fills up or completes
451. complement: something that fills up or completes

452. complement: that which completes.
453. complement: that which completes.
454. comport: to behave (oneself) in a particular manner.
455. comport: to behave (oneself) in a particular manner.
456. comport: to conduct; to behave.
457. comport: to conduct; to behave.
458. compunction: anxiety or unease from guilt; also, a scruple.
459. compunction: anxiety or unease from guilt; also, a scruple.
460. compunction: the sting of conscience.
461. compunction: the sting of conscience.
462. concatenation: a chain; a succession.
463. concinnity: elegance -- used chiefly of literary style.
464. concinnity: elegance -- used chiefly of literary style.
465. concinnity: elegance -- used chiefly of literary style.
466. concomitant: accompanying; attendant.
467. concomitant: accompanying; attendant.
468. concomitant: accompanying; attending.
469. concomitant: accompanying; attending.
470. concupiscence: lust.
471. concupiscence: lust.
472. concupiscence: lust.
473. concupiscence: lust.
474. condign: deserved; adequate.
475. condign: deserved; adequate.
476. condign: deserved; adequate.
477. condign: deserved; adequate.
478. confabulation: familiar talk; also, a plausible but imagined memory.
479. confabulation: familiar talk; also, a plausible but imagined memory.
480. conflagration: a large and destructive fire.
481. conflagration: a large and destructive fire.
482. conflagration: a large and destructive fire.
483. conflagration: a large and destructive fire.
484. conflate: to bring together; to meld.
485. conflate: to bring together; to meld.
486. confluence: a coming together.
487. confluence: a coming together.
488. confluence: a flowing or coming together.
489. confluence: a flowing or coming together.
490. confrere: a colleague, comrade, or intimate associate.
491. confrere: a colleague, comrade, or intimate associate.
492. confrere: a colleague.
493. confrere: a colleague.
494. confute: to refute conclusively.
495. confute: to refute conclusively.
496. congeries: a collection; an aggregation.
497. congeries: a collection; an aggregation.
498. congeries: a collection; an aggregation.
499. congeries: a collection; an aggregation.
500. connubial: of or pertaining to marriage.
501. connubial: of or pertaining to marriage.
502. connubial: of or pertaining to marriage.
503. connubial: of or pertaining to marriage.

- 504. consanguineous: related by blood.
- 505. consanguineous: related by blood.
- 506. consanguineous: related by blood; descended from the same ancestor.
- 507. consanguineous: related by blood; descended from the same ancestor.
- 508. conspectus: a sketch, survey, or outline of a subject.
- 509. conspectus: a sketch, survey, or outline of a subject.
- 510. constitutional: a walk taken for one's health.
- 511. constitutional: a walk taken for one's health.
- 512. constitutional: a walk taken for one's health.
- 513. constitutional: a walk taken for one's health.
- 514. contemporaneous: originating, existing, or occurring at the same time.
- 515. contemporaneous: originating, existing, or occurring at the same time.
- 516. contradistinction: distinction by contrast.
- 517. contradistinction: distinction by contrast.
- 518. contradistinction: distinction by contrast.
- 519. contradistinction: distinction by contrast.
- 520. contravene: to act or be counter to.
- 521. contravene: to act or be counter to.
- 522. contretemps: something inopportune or embarrassing.
- 523. contrite: feeling or expressing grief and regret for sins or offenses.
- 524. contrite: feeling or expressing grief and regret for sins or offenses.
- 525. contumacious: obstinate; stubbornly disobedient.
- 526. contumacious: obstinate; stubbornly disobedient.
- 527. contumacious: obstinate; stubbornly disobedient.
- 528. contumacious: obstinate; stubbornly disobedient.
- 529. contumely: rudeness compounded of haughtiness and contempt.
- 530. contumely: rudeness compounded of haughtiness and contempt.
- 531. conurbation: an aggregation or continuous network of urban communities. tryst: an appointment (as between lovers) to meet.
- 532. conurbation: an aggregation or continuous network of urban communities.
- 533. conurbation: an aggregation or continuous network of urban communities.
- 534. conurbation: an aggregation or continuous network of urban communities.
- 535. conurbation: an aggregation or continuous network of urban communities.
- 536. convivial: merry; festive; social.
- 537. convivial: merry; festive; social.
- 538. convivial: relating to or fond of festivity and good company.
- 539. convivial: relating to or fond of festivity and good company.
- 540. copious: large in number or quantity.
- 541. copious: large in number or quantity.
- 542. copious: large in quantity; also, affording an abundant supply.
- 543. copious: large in quantity; also, affording an abundant supply.
- 544. copse: a thicket of small trees.
- 545. coquette: a flirt.
- 546. coquette: a flirt.
- 547. cormorant: a gluttonous, greedy, or rapacious person.
- 548. cormorant: a gluttonous, greedy, or rapacious person.
- 549. cornucopia: the horn of plenty; also, an abundance.
- 550. cornucopia: the horn of plenty; also, an abundance.
- 551. corpulent: very fat; obese.
- 552. corroborate: to strengthen or make more certain with other evidence.
- 553. corroborate: to strengthen or make more certain with other evidence.
- 554. coruscate: to give off or reflect bright beams or flashes of light.

555. coruscate: to give off or reflect bright beams or flashes of light.
556. coruscate: to sparkle.
557. coruscate: to sparkle.
558. cosmopolite: a cosmopolitan person.
559. cosmopolite: a cosmopolitan person.
560. cosset: to pamper.
561. cosset: to pamper.
562. cosset: to pamper.
563. cosset: to pamper.
564. coterminous: of equal extent or duration.
565. coterminous: of equal extent or duration.
566. coterminous: of equal extent or duration.
567. countermand: to revoke (a former command) or recall by a contrary order.
568. countermand: to revoke (a former command) or recall by a contrary order.
569. countervail: to counteract; also, to offset.
570. countervail: to counteract; also, to offset.
571. coxcomb: a vain, showy fellow.
572. coxcomb: a vain, showy fellow.
573. cozen: to deceive or obtain by deceit.
574. cozen: to deceive or obtain by deceit.
575. crabwise: sideways; also, in a cautiously indirect manner fetor: a strong, offensive smell.
576. crabwise: sideways; also, in a cautiously indirect manner.
577. crapulous: sick from, or marked by, excessive drinking.
578. crapulous: sick from, or marked by, excessive drinking.
579. credulous: inclined to believe too readily.
580. credulous: inclined to believe too readily.
581. crepuscular: pertaining to twilight.
582. crepuscular: pertaining to twilight.
583. crepuscular: pertaining to twilight.
584. crepuscular: pertaining to twilight.
585. crux: the essential point or feature.
586. crux: the essential point or feature.
587. crux: the essential point or feature.
588. crux: the essential point or feature.
589. cudgel: a club.
590. cudgel: a club.
591. cum: with; along with; combined with.
592. cum: with; along with; combined with. vehement: marked by intensity of emotions or convictions.
593. cupidity: eager or excessive desire, especially for wealth.
594. cupidity: eager or excessive desire, especially for wealth.
595. cupidity: greed.
596. cupidity: greed.
597. cursory: hastily or superficially performed.
598. cursory: hastily or superficially performed. revenant: one who returns after death or a long absence
599. cynosure: a center of attention.
600. cynosure: a center of attention.
601. cynosure: a center of attention.

D

602. deadly: skillful; artistic; ingenious

603. daedal: skillful; artistic; ingenious.
604. daedal: skillful; artistic; ingenious.
605. daedal: skillful; artistic; ingenious.
606. dapple: a small contrasting blotch; also, to mark with spots.
607. dapple: a small contrasting blotch; also, to mark with spots.
608. dapple: a small spot or blotch.
609. dapple: a small spot or blotch.
610. debouch: to emerge; to issue.
611. debouch: to emerge; to issue.
612. defenestrate: to throw out of a window.
613. defenestrate: to throw out of a window.
614. defenestrate: to throw out of a window.
615. defenestrate: to throw out of a window.
616. deign: to condescend.
617. deign: to condescend.
618. deign: to condescend.
619. deign: to condescend.
620. deipnosophist: one skilled in table talk.
621. deipnosophist: one skilled in table talk.
622. delectation: great pleasure; delight.
623. delectation: great pleasure; delight.
624. deleterious: harmful.
625. deleterious: hurtful; destructive; pernicious.
626. deleterious: hurtful; destructive; pernicious.
627. deliquesce: to melt away or become liquid.
628. deliquesce: to melt away or become liquid.
629. demagogue: a leader who obtains power by means of appeals to the emotions and prejudices of the populace
630. demagogue: a leader who obtains power by means of appeals to the emotions and prejudices of the populace.
631. demagogue: a leader who tries to stir up people by appeals to emotion, prejudice, etc.
632. demagogue: a leader who tries to stir up people by appeals to emotion, prejudice, etc.
633. demur: to object; also, to delay.
634. denizen: an inhabitant.
635. denizen: an inhabitant.
636. denouement: the final resolution of the main complication of a literary or dramatic work.
637. denouement: the final resolution of the main complication of a literary or dramatic work.
638. deprecate: to disapprove of strongly.
639. deprecate: to disapprove of strongly.
640. deprecate: to disapprove of; also, to belittle.
641. depredation: an act of plundering or ravaging.
642. depredation: an act of plundering or ravaging.
643. deracinate: to uproot.
644. deracinate: to uproot.
645. deracinate: to uproot.
646. deride: to laugh at with contempt.
647. deride: to laugh at with contempt.
648. deride: to laugh at with contempt.

649. derogate: to deviate from expectation; also, to detract; also, to disparage.
650. derogate: to deviate from expectation; also, to detract; also, to disparage.
651. descant: a discourse; also, to discourse.
652. descant: a discourse; also, to discourse.
653. descry: to catch sight of something distant or obscure.
654. descry: to catch sight of something distant or obscure.
655. descry: to catch sight of; to detect.
656. descry: to catch sight of; to detect.
657. desideratum: anything desired.
658. desideratum: anything desired.
659. desideratum: something desired.
660. desideratum: something desired.
661. desuetude: disuse.
662. desuetude: disuse.
663. desuetude: disuse.
664. desuetude: disuse.
665. desultory: jumping from subject to subject; erratic; inconsistent.
666. desultory: jumping from subject to subject; erratic; inconsistent.
667. desultory: without logical sequence; disconnected; aimless.
668. desultory: without logical sequence; disconnected; aimless.
669. detritus: debris.
670. detritus: debris.
671. detritus: debris.
672. detritus: debris.
673. deus ex machina: an agent who appears unexpectedly to solve an apparently insoluble difficulty.
674. deus ex machina: an agent who appears unexpectedly to solve an apparently insoluble difficulty.
675. deus ex machina: an agent who appears unexpectedly to solve an apparently insoluble difficulty.
676. deus ex machina: an agent who appears unexpectedly to solve an apparently insoluble difficulty.
677. diablerie: sorcery; also, mischievous conduct.
678. diablerie: sorcery; also, mischievous conduct.
679. diadem: a crown.
680. diadem: a crown.
681. diaphanous: allowing light to pass through.
682. diaphanous: allowing light to pass through.
683. diaphanous: allowing light to pass through.
684. diaphanous: allowing light to pass through.
685. dictum: an authoritative statement.
686. dictum: an authoritative statement.
687. dictum: an authoritative statement.
688. dictum: an authoritative statement.
689. didactic: conveying instruction; teaching some moral lesson.
690. didactic: conveying instruction; teaching some moral lesson.
691. diffident: bashful or unassertive.
692. diffident: bashful or unassertive.
693. diffident: showing modest reserve.
694. diffident: showing modest reserve.
695. digerati: persons knowledgeable about computers.
696. digerati: persons knowledgeable about computers.

697. diktat: an authoritative decree or order.
698. dilatory: given to, or marked by, procrastination or delay.
699. dilatory: given to, or marked by, procrastination or delay.
700. dilatory: given to, or marked by, procrastination or delay.
701. dilatory: inclined to put off what ought to be done at once.
702. dilatory: inclined to put off what ought to be done at once.
703. dilettante: an amateur; also, an admirer or lover of the fine arts.
704. dilettante: an amateur; also, an admirer or lover of the fine arts.
705. discomfit: to disconcert; also, to thwart.
706. discomfit: to disconcert; also, to thwart.
707. disconcert: to disturb the composure of.
708. disconcert: to disturb the composure of.
709. disconcert: to disturb the composure of.
710. disconcert: to disturb the composure of.
711. disconsolate: hopelessly sad; also, saddening; cheerless.
712. disconsolate: hopelessly sad; also, saddening; cheerless.
713. discrete: constituting a separate thing; also, consisting of distinct or unconnected parts.
714. discrete: constituting a separate thing; also, consisting of distinct or unconnected parts.
715. discrete: constituting a separate thing; also, consisting of distinct or unconnected parts.
716. discrete: constituting a separate thing; also, consisting of distinct or unconnected parts.
717. discursive: digressive; rambling; also, marked by analytical reasoning.
718. dishabille: the state of being carelessly or partially dressed.
719. dishabille: the state of being carelessly or partially dressed.
720. disheveled: disordered; disorderly; untidy.
721. disheveled: disordered; disorderly; untidy.
722. disheveled: in loose disorder; disarranged.
723. disheveled: in loose disorder; disarranged.
724. disparate: fundamentally different; also, composed of dissimilar elements.
725. disparate: fundamentally different; also, composed of dissimilar elements.
726. disparate: fundamentally different; composed of markedly dissimilar elements.
727. disparate: fundamentally different; composed of markedly dissimilar elements.
728. disport: to frolic; to amuse (oneself).
729. disquisition: a formal discourse on a subject.
730. disquisition: a formal discourse on a subject.
731. dissimulate: to feign; to pretend.
732. dissimulate: to feign; to pretend.
733. dissimulate: to hide under a false appearance; also, to feign or pretend.
734. dissolute: loose in morals and conduct.
735. distrait: divided or withdrawn in attention, especially because of anxiety.
736. distrait: divided or withdrawn in attention, especially because of anxiety.
737. doff: to take off; to remove; also, to rid oneself of.
738. doff: to take off; to remove; also, to rid oneself of.
739. dolorous: marked by, causing, or expressing grief or sorrow.
740. dolorous: marked by, causing, or expressing grief or sorrow.
741. donnybrook: a brawl or dispute.
742. donnybrook: a brawl or dispute.
743. donnybrook: a brawl or dispute.
744. donnybrook: a brawl or dispute.

745. doppelganger: a ghostly double.
 746. doppelganger: a ghostly double.
 747. doppelganger: a ghostly double.
 748. dotage: feebleness of mind due to old age.
 749. dotage: feebleness of mind due to old age.
 750. dotage: senility.
 751. dotage: senility.
 752. doughty: valiant; brave.
 753. doughty: valiant; brave.
 754. doughty: valiant; brave.
 755. doughty: valiant; brave.
 756. doula: a woman who assists in childbirth.
 757. doula: a woman who assists in childbirth.
 758. dour: stern or unyielding or gloomy.
 759. dour: stern or unyielding or gloomy.
 760. dour: stubbornly unyielding; also, harshly uninviting; also, showing a brooding ill humor.
 761. dour: stubbornly unyielding; also, harshly uninviting; also, showing a brooding ill humor.
 762. doyen: the senior member of a body or group.
 763. doyen: the senior member of a body or group.
 764. doyen: the senior member of a body or group.
 765. dubiety: the condition or quality of being doubtful; also, a matter of doubt.
 766. dubiety: the condition or quality of being doubtful; also, a matter of doubt.
 767. dudgeon: a state or fit of intense indignation.
 768. dudgeon: a state or fit of intense indignation.
 769. dudgeon: a state or fit of intense indignation.
 770. dudgeon: a state or fit of intense indignation.
 771. dulcet: melodious.
 772. dulcet: melodious.
 773. dyspeptic: pertaining to or having indigestion; also, ill-humored.
 774. dyspeptic: pertaining to or having indigestion; also, ill-humored.
 775. dyspeptic: pertaining to or having indigestion; also, irritable or ill-humored.
 776. dyspeptic: pertaining to or having indigestion; also, irritable or ill-humored.
 E
 777. ebullient: high-spirited.
 778. ebullient: high-spirited.
 779. ebullient: joyously unrestrained.
 780. edacious: given to eating.
 781. edacious: given to eating.
 782. edacious: given to eating.
 783. edify: to instruct and improve.
 784. efface: to cause to disappear by rubbing out, striking out, etc.
 785. efface: to cause to disappear by rubbing out, striking out, etc.
 786. effete: infertile; also, worn out; also, decadent, effeminate.
 787. effete: infertile; also, worn out; also, decadent, effeminate.
 788. effete: infertile; also, worn out; also, decadent; effeminate.
 789. effete: infertile; also, worn out; also, decadent; effeminate.
 790. efficacious: producing, or capable of producing, a desired effect.
 791. efficacious: producing, or capable of producing, a desired effect.
 792. effrontery: shameless boldness; insolence.
 793. effrontery: shameless boldness; insolence.

794. effulgence: a flood of light; great luster or brightness; splendor.
795. effulgence: the state of being bright and radiant.
796. effulgence: the state of being bright and radiant.
797. effusive: excessively demonstrative.
798. egregious: outrageously bad.
799. egress: the act of going out or leaving; exit.
800. eke: to increase; to add to.
801. eldritch: unearthly; weird; eerie.
802. eldritch: unearthly; weird; eerie.
803. eleemosynary: relating to charity.
804. eleemosynary: relating to charity; charitable.
805. eleemosynary: relating to charity; charitable.
806. elucidate: to make clear or manifest
807. Elysium: paradise.
808. Elysium: paradise.
809. Elysium: paradise.
810. emblazon: to display pompously; to decorate.
811. embonpoint: plumpness of person.
812. embonpoint: plumpness of person.
813. embonpoint: plumpness of person.
814. embonpoint: plumpness of person.
815. emolument: profit, gain.
816. emolument: the wages or perquisites arising from office, employment, or labor.
817. emolument: the wages or perquisites arising from office, employment, or labor.
818. empyrean: the highest heaven; the heavens; the sky.
819. empyrean: the highest heaven; the heavens; the sky.
820. en masse: all together.
821. en masse: all together; as a whole.
822. en masse: all together; as a whole.
823. encomium: expression of praise.
824. encomium: expression of praise.
825. encomium: high praise.
826. encumbrance: a burden, impediment, or hindrance.
827. encumbrance: a burden, impediment, or hindrance.
828. encumbrance: a burdensome and troublesome load.
829. encumbrance: something that burdens or impedes.
830. encumbrance: something that burdens or impedes.
831. enervate: to weaken.
832. enervate: to weaken.
833. enervate: to weaken.
834. enjoin: to direct or impose with authority; also, to forbid.
835. enjoin: to direct or impose with authority; also, to forbid.
836. enjoin: to direct or impose with authority; also, to forbid.
837. enjoin: to direct or impose with authority; also, to forbid.
838. enmity: hatred; ill will.
839. enmity: hatred; ill will.
840. ennui: a feeling of weariness and dissatisfaction arising from lack of interest.
841. ennui: a feeling of weariness and dissatisfaction arising from lack of interest.
842. ennui: a feeling of weariness and dissatisfaction.
843. entreat: to ask for or request earnestly.
844. entreat: to ask for or request earnestly.
845. enumerate: to utter articulately; also, to state or set forth articulately.

systematically.

846. enunciate: to utter articulately; also, to state or set forth precisely or systematically.

847. ephemeral: short-lived.

848. ephemeron: something short-lived.

849. epicene: having the characteristics of both the male and the female.

850. epigone: an inferior imitator.

851. epigone: an inferior imitator.

852. epigone: an inferior imitator.

853. equable: equal and uniform; also, not easily disturbed.

854. equable: equal and uniform; also, not easily disturbed.

855. equable: equal and uniform; also, serene.

856. equanimity: calmness; composure.

857. equanimity: calmness; composure.

858. equanimity: calmness; composure.

859. equipoise: equilibrium; also, counterbalance.

860. equipoise: equilibrium; also, counterbalance.

861. equipoise: equilibrium; also, counterbalance.

862. equivocate: to be deliberately ambiguous or unclear.

863. equivocate: to be deliberately ambiguous or unclear. kismet: destiny; fate.

864. equivocate: to be deliberately ambiguous.

865. eremite: a hermit.

866. eremite: a hermit.

867. eremite: a hermit.

868. ergo: therefore; consequently.

869. errant: wandering; deviating from an appointed course, or from a direct path; roving.

870. errant: wandering; deviating from an appointed course, or from a direct path; roving.

871. errant: wandering; deviating from an appointed course, or from a direct path; roving.

872. errant: wandering; deviating from an appointed course, or from a direct path; roving.

873. erroneous: containing or characterized by error.

874. ersatz: being a substitute or imitation.

875. ersatz: being a substitute or imitation.

876. ersatz: being a substitute or imitation.

877. erudite: characterized by extensive reading or knowledge.

878. erudite: characterized by extensive reading or knowledge.

879. erudite: characterized by extensive reading or knowledge.

880. eschew: to avoid.

881. eschew: to shun; to avoid.

882. eschew: to shun; to avoid.

883. espy: to see at a glance.

884. esurient: hungry; greedy.

885. etiolate: to blanch or bleach; to make sickly.

886. etiolate: to blanch or bleach; to make sickly.

887. euphonious: pleasing in sound.

888. euphonious: pleasing or sweet in sound.

889. evanescent: fleeting.

890. evanescent: fleeting. extricate: to free or release from a difficulty or

891. evanescent: liable to vanish or pass away like vapor.
892. evince: to show in a clear manner.
893. evince: to show in a clear manner.
894. evince: to show in a clear manner.
895. exacerbate: to aggravate; to make worse.
896. exacerbate: to aggravate; to make worse.
897. exacerbate: to irritate; to make worse.
898. exalt: to praise, glorify, or honor.
899. exalt: to praise, glorify, or honor.
900. exalt: to praise, glorify, or honor.
901. excoriate: to censure scathingly; also, to flay.
902. excoriate: to express strong disapproval of; also, to flay.
903. excoriate: to express strong disapproval of; also, to flay.
904. excrescence: something growing out from something else; also, a disfiguring or unwanted part.
905. excrescence: something growing out from something else; also, a disfiguring or unwanted part.
906. exculpate: to clear from alleged fault or guilt.
907. exculpate: to relieve of blame.
908. excursus: a digression.
909. excursus: a digression.
910. execrable: detestable; extremely bad.
911. execrable: detestable; extremely bad.
912. execrable: detestable; extremely bad.
913. exegesis: exposition; explanation.
914. exegete: a person who explains or interprets difficult parts of written works.
915. exegete: a person who explains or interprets difficult parts of written works.
916. exemplar: a model or pattern to be copied or imitated; a specimen; an ideal model or type.
917. exemplar: a model or pattern to be copied or imitated; a specimen; an ideal model or type.
918. exemplar: an ideal model or type.
919. exemplar: an ideal model or type.
920. exhort: to urge strongly.
921. exigency: state of requiring immediate action; also, an urgent situation; also, that which is required in a particular situation.
922. exigent: requiring immediate aid or action; also, demanding.
923. exigent: requiring immediate aid or action; also, demanding.
924. exiguity: smallness; thinness; the quality of being meager.
925. exiguous: extremely scanty.
926. exiguous: extremely scanty.
927. expatiate: to speak or write at length.
928. expatiate: to speak or write at length.
929. expatiate: to speak or write at some length.
930. expeditious: characterized by speed and efficiency.
931. expeditious: characterized by speed and efficiency.
932. expeditious: characterized by speed and efficiency.
933. expiate: to make amends for.
934. expiate: to make amends for; to atone for.
935. expiate: to make amends for; to atone for.
936. explicate: to explain.
937. explicate: to explain.

938. explicate: to explain.
 939. explicate: to explain. hypnagogic: leading to sleep; hypnotic.
 940. expropriate: to deprive of possession; also, to transfer (another's property) to oneself.
 941. expropriate: to deprive of possession; also, to transfer (property) to oneself.
 942. expropriate: to deprive of possession; also, to transfer (property) to oneself.
 943. expunge: to blot out; to obliterate.
 944. expunge: to strike out or erase; to obliterate.
 945. expunge: to strike out or erase; to obliterate.
 946. extant: still existing.
 947. extant: still existing.
 948. extant: still in existence.
 949. extemporaneous: composed, performed, or uttered on the spur of the moment.
 950. extemporaneous: composed, performed, or uttered on the spur of the moment.
 951. extempore: without premeditation or preparation.
 952. extempore: without premeditation or preparation.
 953. extempore: without preparation; on the spur of the moment.
 954. extirpate: to eradicate; to destroy.
 955. extirpate: to eradicate; to destroy.
 956. extirpate: to root out; to eradicate.
 957. extol: to praise.
 958. extol: to praise.
 959. extraneous: coming from the outside; also, not essential; also, irrelevant.
 960. extraneous: coming from the outside; also, not essential; also, irrelevant.
 961. extraneous: coming from the outside; also, not essential; also, irrelevant.
 962. extricate: to free or release from a difficulty or entanglement.

F

963. facetious: characterized by wit and pleasantry.
 964. facetious: playfully jocular; humorous.
 965. facile: easily done or performed.
 966. facile: performable or attainable with little labor.
 967. factious: addicted to form parties and raise dissensions.
 968. factitious: artificial; not authentic or genuine
 969. factitious: artificial; sham; not natural.
 970. factotum: a person employed to do all kinds of work.
 971. faineant: doing nothing; idle; also, a do-nothing.
 972. fait accompli: an accomplished and presumably irreversible deed or fact.
 973. fait accompli: an accomplished and presumably irreversible deed or fact.
 974. fallible: liable to make a mistake.
 975. fanfaronade: empty boasting; bluster.
 976. farrago: an assortment.
 977. farrago: an assortment; a medley.
 978. fatidic: of, relating to, or characterized by prophecy.
 979. fatuous: inanely foolish; stupid; also, illusory.
 980. fatuous: weak; silly; stupid; foolish.
 981. favonian: pertaining to the west wind; soft; mild; gentle.
 982. fealty: fidelity; allegiance; faithfulness.
 983. febrile: feverish.
 984. febrile: feverish.
 985. feckless: ineffective; weak; worthless.
 986. fecund: fruitful; prolific.

987. felicitous: not expropriated; also, delightful

988. felicitous: apt; also, delightful.
989. felicitous: apt; also, delightful.
990. fetid: stinking.
991. fetid: stinking.
992. fetor: a strong, offensive smell.
993. fettle: a state or condition of fitness, order, or mind.
994. fey: possessing or displaying a strange and otherworldly aspect or quality; elfin.
995. fiat: an arbitrary or authoritative command or order.
996. fiduciary: relating to the holding of something in trust for another.
997. filial: of, pertaining to, or befitting a son or daughter.
998. filial: of, pertaining to, or befitting a son or daughter.
999. fillip: a snap; also, a stimulus.
1000. fillip: a snap; also, a stimulus.
1001. fin de siecle: characteristic of the close of the century; sophisticated; world-weary.
1002. firmament: the sky or heavens.
1003. firmament: the sky; the heavens.
1004. flagitious: grossly wicked; scandalous.
1005. flaneur: one who strolls about aimlessly; a loungeur; a loafer.
1006. flibbertigibbet: a silly, flighty, or excessively talkative person.
1007. flibbertigibbet: a silly, flighty, or excessively talkative person.
1008. flippant: lacking proper respect or seriousness.
1009. flippant: showing inappropriate levity; pert.
1010. florid: flushed with red; also, excessively ornate.
1011. florid: of a lively reddish color; also, excessively ornate.
1012. flout: to treat with contempt or disregard
1013. flout: to treat with contempt.
1014. flummery: mumbo jumbo; nonsense.
1015. flummery: mumbo jumbo; nonsense.
1016. foment: to instigate; to incite.
1017. foment: to nurse to life or activity; to encourage.
1018. foment: to nurse to life or activity; to incite.
1019. foofaraw: excessive or flashy ornamentation; also, a fuss over a trivial matter.
1020. foofaraw: excessive or flashy ornamentation; also, a fuss over a trivial matter.
1021. fop: a man who is much concerned with his appearance.
1022. fop: a man who is vain about his dress and appearance.
1023. forcible: effected by force used against resistance; also, powerful.
1024. forcible: effected by force used against resistance; also, powerful.
1025. forfend: to avert; also, to protect or preserve.
1026. forgo: to do without.
1027. forlorn: sad and lonely because deserted, abandoned, or lost.
1028. fortuitous: happening by chance.
1029. foundling: an abandoned child.
1030. fractious: tending to cause trouble; also, irritable.
1031. fractious: tending to cause trouble; also, irritable.
1032. frangible: capable of being broken; easily broken.
1033. frangible: capable of being broken; easily broken.
1034. friable: easily crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder.
1035. frisson: a brief moment of intense excitement.
1036. frisson: a shudder of excitement, pleasure, or fear.
1037. fugacious: lasting but a short time.
1038. fugacious: lasting but a short time.

- 1039. fulminate: to issue or utter verbal attacks or censures.
- 1040. fulminate: to thunder forth menaces.
- 1041. fulsome: offensive from excess of praise.
- 1042. funereal: pertaining to a funeral; solemn; mournful.
- 1043. funereal: pertaining to or suiting a funeral; gloomy; mournful.
- 1044. fungible: interchangeable.
- 1045. furbelow: something showy or superfluous.
- 1046. furtive: obtained or characterized by stealth; sly; secret; stealthy.
- 1047. furtive: obtained or characterized by stealth; sly; secret; stealthy.
- 1048. fustian: a kind of coarse twilled cotton; also, bombast.
- 1049. fustian: pompous or pretentious language.

G

- 1050. gadabout: one who roams about in search of amusement or social activity.
- 1051. gainsay: to contradict; to deny.
- 1052. gainsay: to contradict; to deny.
- 1053. gallimaufry: a hodgepodge.
- 1054. gallimaufry: a hodgepodge.
- 1055. galumph: to move in a clumsy manner or with a heavy tread.
- 1056. galvanic: pertaining to a direct current of electricity; also, having the effect of an electric shock.
- 1057. galvanic: pertaining to a direct current of electricity; also, having the effect of an electric shock.
- 1058. gambol: to dance and skip about in play.
- 1059. gambol: to dance and skip about in play.
- 1060. gambol: to dance and skip about in play.
- 1061. gamine: an urchin; also, a mischievous girl or young woman.
- 1062. gamut: a complete extent or range.
- 1063. garrulous: talkative.
- 1064. garrulous: talkative; also, wordy.
- 1065. gastronome: a lover of good food and drink.
- 1066. gastronome: a person devoted to refined enjoyment of good food and drink.
- 1067. gauche: lacking social polish; tactless.
- 1068. gauche: lacking social polish; tactless.
- 1069. gaucherie: a socially awkward or tactless act; also, lack of tact.
- 1070. gelid: extremely cold; icy.
- 1071. genial: sympathetically cheerful and cheering; kindly.
- 1072. genial: sympathetically cheerful and cheering; kindly.
- 1073. genuflect: to bend the knee, as in worship; also, to grovel.
- 1074. germane: appropriate or fitting; relevant.
- 1075. gesticulate: to make gestures or motions.
- 1076. gesticulate: to make gestures or motions.
- 1077. gewgaw: a showy trifle; a pretty but worthless bauble.
- 1078. gewgaw: a trinket; a bauble.
- 1079. gimcrack: a showy but useless or worthless object.
- 1080. gimcrack: a trivial mechanism.
- 1081. glabrous: without hairs or projections; smooth.
- 1082. gloaming: twilight; dusk.
- 1083. gloaming: twilight; dusk.
- 1084. glower: to stare angrily or with a scowl.
- 1085. glower: to stare angrily or with a scowl.
- 1086. gnomonic: uttering or containing maxims.
- 1087. gnomonic: uttering or containing or characterized by maxims.

1088. gourmand: one who enjoys good food in great quantities.
 1089. gourmand: one who enjoys good food in great quantities.
 1090. grandee: a man of elevated rank or station; a nobleman.
 1091. grandee: a man of elevated rank or station; a nobleman.
 1092. grandiloquent: lofty in style.
 1093. grandiloquent: lofty in style.
 1094. gravid: pregnant.
 1095. gravid: pregnant.
 1096. gravitas: high seriousness.
 1097. gravitas: high seriousness; dignity.
 1098. gregarious: seeking and enjoying the company of others.
 1099. gregarious: seeking and enjoying the company of others.
 1100. grok: to understand.
 1101. Grub Street: the world or category of impoverished literary hacks.
 1102. gubernatorial: of or pertaining to a governor.
 1103. gustatory: pertaining to the sense of taste.
 1104. gustatory: pertaining to the sense of taste.
- H
1105. habitue: one who habitually frequents a place.
 1106. habitu  : one who habitually frequents a place.
 1107. halcyon: peaceful; undisturbed; happy.
 1108. hale: free from disease and weakening conditions; healthy.
 1109. harangue: a speech addressed to a large public assembly; also, a noisy or pompous speech.
 1110. harbinger: a precursor; one that presages what is to come.
 1111. harbinger: a precursor; one that presages what is to come.
 1112. hardscrabble: barren, marginal; also, marked by poverty.
 1113. hardscrabble: barren, marginal; also, marked by poverty.
 1114. harridan: a scolding, vicious old woman.
 1115. harridan: a scolding, vicious woman.
 1116. hauteur: haughtiness; arrogance.
 1117. hauteur: haughtiness; pride; arrogance.
 1118. hebetude: mental dullness or sluggishness.
 1119. hebetude: mental dullness or sluggishness.
 1120. hector: to bully or harass.
 1121. hector: to bully or harass.
 1122. heterodox: holding unorthodox opinions.
 1123. heterodox: holding unorthodox opinions.
 1124. heterogeneous: consisting of dissimilar elements.
 1125. hinterland: backcountry.
 1126. hinterland: backcountry.
 1127. hirsute: covered with hair or bristles.
 1128. hirsute: shaggy; hairy.
 1129. histrionic: theatrical.
 1130. hobbledehoy: an awkward, gawky young fellow.
 1131. hobbledehoy: an awkward, gawky young fellow.
 1132. hobnob: to associate familiarly.
 1133. Hobson's choice: a choice without an alternative
 1134. Hobson's choice: a choice without an alternative.
 1135. Hogmanay: the name, in Scotland, for the last day of the year.
 1136. hoi polloi: the common people; the masses.
 1137. homily: a sermon or lecture; also, an inspirational saying or a platitude.

1138. homily: a sermon or lecture; also, an inspirational saying or a platitude.
1139. hortatory: giving strong encouragement; inciting.
1140. hortatory: serving to encourage or incite.
1141. hubris: overbearing pride or presumption.
1142. hugger-mugger: secret; also, muddled, disorderly.
1143. hugger-mugger: secret; clandestine.
1144. hullabaloo: a confused noise; uproar.
1145. hullabaloo: a confused noise; uproar.
1146. hyperbole: extravagant exaggeration.
1147. hyperbole: extravagant exaggeration.
1148. hypnagogic: leading to sleep; hypnotic.
- I
1149. idee fixe: a fixed idea.
1150. idee fixe: a fixed idea; an obsession.
1151. Ides: the fifteenth day of March, May, July, and October, and the thirteenth day of the other months.
1152. idyll: a poem or prose work depicting rural or pastoral life; also, a carefree episode or experience.
1153. idyll: a poem or prose work depicting rural or pastoral life; also, a carefree episode or experience.
1154. ignoble: not noble.
1155. ignoramus: an ignorant person; a dunce.
1156. ignoramus: an ignorant person; a dunce.
1157. imbroglio: a complicated and embarrassing state of things.
1158. imbroglio: a complicated and embarrassing state of things.
1159. imbue: to dye; to instill profoundly.
1160. imbue: to dye; to instill profoundly.
1161. immolate: to kill or destroy, often by fire.
1162. immure: to enclose within or as if within walls.
1163. immure: to inclose within walls, or as within walls.
1164. impassible: incapable of suffering; also, unfeeling or not showing feeling.
1165. impassible: incapable of suffering; unfeeling, or not showing feeling.
1166. impassive: devoid of emotion; also, showing no emotion.
1167. impecunious: habitually without money; poor.
1168. impecunious: not having money.
1169. impervious: impenetrable; also, not capable of being affected.
1170. implacable: incapable of being pacified.
1171. importunate: troublesomely urgent.
1172. importunate: troublesomely urgent.
1173. imprecation: a curse.
1174. impregnable: able to resist attack.
1175. impregnable: able to resist attack.
1176. improvident: lacking foresight; negligent; thoughtless.
1177. impugn: to call in question; to make insinuations against.
1178. impugn: to call in question; to make insinuations against.
1179. innamorata: a woman whom one is in love with.
1180. inanition: exhaustion from lack of nourishment; also, emptiness.
1181. inchoate: partially but not fully in existence or operation.
1182. inchoate: partly but not fully in existence or operation.
1183. incipient: beginning to be; commencing; initial.
1184. incipient: beginning to exist or appear.
1185. inclement: harsh; severe; especially said of the weather.

1186. inclement: physically severe or harsh (esp. said of the weather).
1187. incommunicado: without means or right to communicate.
1188. incommunicado: without the means or right to communicate.
1189. incongruous: lacking in harmony.
1190. incontrovertible: indisputable; unquestionable.
1191. inculcate: to teach and impress by frequent repetition or instruction.
1192. inculcate: To teach by frequent repetitions.
1193. indefatigable: untiring.
1194. indelible: incapable of being removed or erased.
1195. indigence: extreme poverty.
1196. indigent: extremely poor.
1197. indolent: avoiding labor and exertion; lazy.
1198. indolent: lazy; inactive.
1199. indomitable: incapable of being subdued or overcome.
1200. indomitable: not to be subdued; untamable.
1201. ineffable: incapable of being expressed.
1202. ineffable: incapable of being expressed in words.
1203. ineffectual: without effect; weak; useless.
1204. ineluctable: impossible to avoid or evade.
1205. ineluctable: Impossible to avoid.
1206. inexorable: unyielding; relentless.
1207. ingenue: a naive girl or young woman, or an actress representing such a person.
1208. inhere: to be inherent.
1209. inimical: unfriendly; unfavorable.
1210. inkhorn: affectedly or ostentatiously learned.
1211. innocuous: harmless.
1212. innocuous: harmless; also, unlikely to offend or provoke.
1213. inscrutable: difficult to fathom or understand.
1214. inscrutable: difficult to fathom or understand; impenetrable.
1215. inscrutable: difficult to understand; incomprehensible.
1216. insensate: lacking sensation or awareness.
1217. insouciant: marked by lighthearted unconcern; carefree.
1218. insouciant: nonchalant.
1219. insuperable: incapable of being passed over, surmounted, or overcome.
1220. insuperable: incapable of being passed over, surmounted, or overcome.
1221. interlard: to insert between; to mix.
1222. interlard: to insert between; to mix.
1223. internecine: destructive; especially, mutually destructive; also, relating to conflict within a group.
1224. internecine: destructive; especially, mutually destructive; also, relating to conflict within a group.
1225. interpolate: to insert between; also, to alter or corrupt by insertion.
1226. interregnum: the interval between two reigns; also, any breach of continuity in an order.
1227. interregnum: the interval between two reigns; also, any breach of continuity in an order.
1228. interstice: a space between things or parts.
1229. interstice: a space between things or parts.
1230. intractable: not easily governed, managed, or directed.
1231. intractable: not easily governed, managed, or directed.
1232. intractable: not easily governed, managed, or directed.

1233. intransigent: uncompromising.
 1234. intrepid: fearless; bold.
 1235. introspection: the act or process of self-examination; reflection.
 1236. introspection: the act or process of self-examination; reflection.
 1237. inure: to make used to; also, to take or have effect.
 1238. inure: to use till use gives little or no pain or inconvenience.
 1239. invective: insulting or abusive language.
 1240. invective: insulting or abusive language.
 1241. invective: insulting or abusive language.
 1242. inveigh: to attack with harsh criticism.
 1243. inveigh: to rail (against some person or thing).
 1244. inveigle: to entice.
 1245. inveigle: to persuade or obtain by ingenuity or flattery.
 1246. inveterate: deep-rooted; of long standing.
 1247. inveterate: deep-rooted; of long standing.
 1248. invidious: likely to produce ill will.
 1249. invidious: tending to provoke envy or ill will
 1250. iota: a very small quantity or degree.
 1251. irascible: easily provoked to anger.
 1252. irascible: quickly aroused to anger.
 1253. irenic: promoting peace.
 1254. irenic: promoting peace.
 1255. irrefragable: impossible to refute.
 1256. irrefragable: impossible to refute.
 1257. irrefragable: impossible to refute.
 1258. irrupt: to burst in forcibly or suddenly.
 1259. itinerant: going from place to place.
 1260. itinerant: traveling from place to place.
- J
1261. jeremiad: a doleful story; also, a dolorous or angry tirade.
 1262. jocular: given to or characterized by joking.
 1263. jocular: given to or characterized by joking.
 1264. jocund: light-hearted; mirthful.
 1265. jocund: pleasant, cheering, delightful.
 1266. jollification: merrymaking; revelry.
 1267. jovial: merry; joyous; jolly.
 1268. jovial: merry; joyous; jolly.
 1269. juju: an object superstitiously believed to embody magical powers.
 1270. junta: a clique that seeks or obtains power usually through intrigue or revolution.
 1271. junta: a governmental council or committee, esp. one that rules after a revolution.
 1272. juxtaposition: a placing or being placed in nearness or side by side.
 1273. juxtaposition: the act or an instance of placing in nearness.
 1274. ken: cognizance; view; especially, reach of sight or knowledge.
 1275. ken: perception, view; especially, reach of sight or knowledge.
 1276. kismet: destiny; fate.
 1277. kismet: destiny; fate.
 1278. kitsch: art in pretentious bad taste.
 1279. knell: the stoke of a bell tolled at a funeral.
 1280. kobold: a kind of domestic spirit in German mythology.
 1281. kowtow: to bow or kneel habitually.

1282. kvetch: to complain habitually.

K

1283. lachrymose: given to or causing tears.

1284. lachrymose: given to shedding tears.

1285. lackadaisical: lacking spirit or liveliness.

1286. lackadaisical: lacking spirit or liveliness.

1287. laconic: expressing much in few words.

1288. laconic: using or marked by the use of a minimum of words.

1289. lacuna: a blank space; a missing part.

1290. lacuna: a missing part; a gap.

1291. lambaste: to scold sharply; also, to beat.

1292. lambaste: to scold sharply; also, to beat.

1293. lambent: playing on the surface; flickering.

1294. lambent: playing on the surface; flickering.

1295. land of Nod: sleep.

1296. land of Nod: sleep.

1297. languid: lacking vigor or force.

1298. languor: lack of energy or vitality.

1299. languor: lack of energy or vitality.

1300. largess: generosity; also, money or gifts bestowed.

1301. largess: generous giving; also, gifts of money or other valuables.

1302. lascivious: lewd; lustful.

1303. lascivious: wanton; lewd.

1304. lassitude: lack of vitality or energy.

1305. lassitude: lack of vitality or energy.

1306. latitudinarian: having or expressing broad and tolerant views.

1307. latitudinarian: having or expressing broad and tolerant views.

1308. laudable: praiseworthy; commendable.

1309. laudable: praiseworthy; commendable.

1310. legerdemain: sleight of hand.

1311. legerdemain: sleight of hand.

1312. leitmotif: a dominant and recurring theme.

1313. leitmotif: a melodic phrase that accompanies the reappearance of a idea, person, or situation; a dominant and recurring theme.

1314. lenity: the state or quality of being lenient.

1315. levity: an inappropriate lack of seriousness.

1316. levity: frivolity.

1317. lexicography: the writing or compiling of dictionaries.

1318. lexicon: a dictionary.

1319. lexicon: a dictionary; also, the vocabulary of a person, group, etc.

1320. libation: the act of pouring a liquid as a sacrifice; also, a beverage.

1321. limn: to draw or paint; also, to describe.

1322. limn: to draw or paint; also, to describe.

1323. limpid: clear; also, serene.

1324. limpid: clear; also, serene.

1325. lineament: a distinguishing or characteristic feature.

1326. lissom: limber; supple; flexible; lithe.

1327. lissom: supple; nimble.

1328. listless: having no desire or inclination.

1329. littoral: on a coastal or shore region.

1330. logorrhea: excessive talkativeness.

1331. logorrhea: excessive talkativeness.

1332. longueur: a dull and tedious passage in a work of literature or performing art.
 1333. loquacious: very talkative.
 1334. louche: of questionable taste or morality.
 1335. lubricious: lewd; also, slippery or smooth.
 1336. lucre: money; profit.
 1337. lucre: money; profit.
 1338. lucubration: nocturnal study.
 1339. lucubration: nocturnal study; also, that which is composed by night; meditation.
 1340. ludic: playful.
 1341. ludic: playful.
 1342. lugubrious: exaggeratedly or affectedly sorrowful.
 1343. lugubrious: indicating sorrow, often ridiculously.
 1344. lugubrious: mournful; gloomy; dismal.
 1345. luminary: any body that gives light; also, a person of eminence or brilliant achievement.
 1346. luminary: any body that gives light; also, a person of eminence or brilliant achievement.

M

1347. machination: a crafty scheme intended to accomplish some usually evil end.
 1348. maelstrom: a large, powerful whirlpool; also, a violent, disordered, or turbulent state of affairs.
 1349. maelstrom: a large, powerful, or violent whirlpool; also, a turbulent state of affairs.
 1350. maladroit: awkward; unskillful; inept.
 1351. malaise: a condition of uneasiness or ill-being.
 1352. malaise: a condition of uneasiness or ill-being.
 1353. malapropism: misuse of a word, especially by confusion with one of similar sound.
 1354. malapropism: the usually unintentionally humorous misuse of a word, especially by confusion with one of similar sound; also, an example of such misuse.
 1355. malapropos: unseasonable or unseasonably; inappropriate or inappropriately.
 1356. malcontent: one who is discontented or dissatisfied.
 1357. malcontent: one who is discontented or dissatisfied.
 1358. malediction: a curse.
 1359. malfeasance: wrongdoing, misconduct, or misbehavior.
 1360. malinger: to feign illness or inability.
 1361. malinger: to feign illness or inability.
 1362. malleable: capable of being shaped; also, adaptable.
 1363. malleable: capable of being shaped; also, adaptable.
 1364. malodorous: having a bad odor.
 1365. malversation: misconduct in public office.
 1366. manse: a large and imposing house.
 1367. manse: a large and imposing residence.
 1368. martinet: a strict disciplinarian.
 1369. martinet: a strict disciplinarian.
 1370. masticate: to chew.
 1371. matutinal: relating to or occurring in the morning.
 1372. maudlin: easily moved to tears.
 1373. maudlin: excessively sentimental.
 1374. maunder: to talk or wander aimlessly.
 1375. maudlin: easily or excessively sentimental.

1376. mazy: resembling a maze in form or complexity; intricate; confusing.
1377. mazy: resembling a maze; intricate or confusing.
1378. megalomania: a mental disorder characterized by delusions of grandeur.
1379. melange: a mixture.
1380. melange: a mixture.
1381. melee: a confused conflict.
1382. melee: a hand to hand conflict.
1383. mellifluous: flowing sweetly or smoothly.
1384. mellifluous: flowing sweetly or smoothly.
1385. mendacious: given to deception or falsehood.
1386. mendacious: untruthful; also, untrue.
1387. mendicant: a beggar.
1388. mendicant: a beggar.
1389. mephitic: offensive to the smell; also, noxious.
1390. mephitic: offensive to the smell; also, noxious.
1391. mercurial: changeable; temperamental; volatile.
1392. meretricious: pertaining to prostitutes; tawdry.
1393. meretricious: tawdry.
1394. meticulous: extremely or excessively careful about details.
1395. métier: an occupation for which one is especially well suited.
1396. metier: an occupation, especially in which one excels.
1397. miasma: a thick vaporous atmosphere, often noxious.
1398. miasma: noxious effluvia; also, a harmful atmosphere; also, an atmosphere that obscures.
1399. microcosm: a smaller, representative system having analogies to a larger system.
1400. microcosm: a smaller, representative unity having analogies to a larger unity.
1401. mien: aspect; air; manner; demeanor.
1402. mien: demeanor; also, aspect; appearance.
1403. milieu: environment; setting.
1404. milieu: environment; setting.
1405. militate: to have force or influence.
1406. militate: to have force or influence.
1407. milksop: an unmanly man.
1408. mimetic: imitative.
1409. mimetic: imitative.
1410. minatory: threatening; menacing.
1411. minatory: threatening; menacing.
1412. miscreant: a scoundrel, a villain; also, a heretic.
1413. miscreant: a villain, rascal.
1414. misnomer: a misnaming.
1415. misnomer: a wrong or inapplicable name.
1416. misprize: to despise; also, to undervalue.
1417. missive: a written message.
1418. missive: a written message; a letter.
1419. modicum: a small or token amount.
1420. moiety: a half; a small part.
1421. moiety: a half; also, a small part.
1422. toil: to labor; to toil; to drudge.
1423. mollify: to reduce in intensity; to soothe; to soften.
1424. mollify: to soothe; to temper; to soften.
1425. monomania: obsession with a single subject

1426. monomania: obsession with single subject only.
 1427. mordant: biting; caustic; sarcastic.
 1428. mordant: biting; caustic; sarcastic.
 1429. mores: customs; habits; ways.
 1430. moribund: dying.
 1431. moribund: dying.
 1432. mountebank: a quack; also, a charlatan.
 1433. mountebank: a quack; also, a charlatan.
 1434. mulct: to defraud.
 1435. multifarious: having great diversity or variety.
 1436. multifarious: having great diversity or variety.
 1437. munificent: very generous.
 1438. munificent: very generous.
 1439. myriad: consisting of a very great, but indefinite, number; also, a very great many.
 1440. myrmidon: a loyal follower.
 1441. myrmidon: a loyal follower.
 N
 1442. nadir: the lowest point.
 1443. nadir: the lowest point.
 1444. nascent: beginning to exist or to grow.
 1445. nascent: beginning to exist or to grow.
 1446. nascent: beginning to exist.
 1447. ne plus ultra: the highest point; also, the most profound degree.
 1448. nebbish: a weak-willed, timid, or ineffectual person.
 1449. nebbish: a weak-willed, timid, or ineffectual person.
 1450. nefarious: wicked in the extreme.
 1451. nefarious: wicked in the extreme.
 1452. neologism: a new word or expression; the use or creation of new words or expressions.
 1453. neologism: a new word or expression; the use or creation of new words or expressions.
 1454. neophyte: a new convert; also, a beginner.
 1455. neophyte: a novice.
 1456. neoteric: recent in origin; modern.
 1457. neoteric: recent in origin; new.
 1458. nepotism: favoritism shown to members of one's family.
 1459. nescience: lack of knowledge or awareness.
 1460. nescience: lack of knowledge.
 1461. nettlesome: causing irritation, vexation, or distress.
 1462. nettlesome: causing irritation, vexation, or distress.
 1463. nimbus: a dark gray rain cloud; also, a halo, an aura.
 1464. nimiety: excess.
 1465. noisome: offensive or disgusting; also, harmful; unwholesome.
 1466. noisome: offensive to the smell.
 1467. nolens volens: whether unwilling or willing.
 1468. nonage: a period of immaturity; minority.
 1469. nonage: a period of youth or immaturity.
 1470. nonagenarian: someone whose age is in the nineties.
 1471. nonpareil: having no equal.
 1472. nonplus: to cause to be at a loss as to what to think, say, or do.
 1473. nonplus: to cause to be at a loss as to what to think, say, or do.

- 1474. nosegay: a bouquet; a posy.
- 1475. nostrum: a medicine whose effectiveness is unproved; a questionable remedy.
- 1476. nostrum: a questionable remedy.
- 1477. nugatory: insignificant; also, ineffectual.
- 1478. nugatory: insignificant; also, ineffectual.
- 1479. numinous: spiritual; holy.
- 1480. numismatics: the collection and study of coins.
- 1481. nuptial: of or pertaining to marriage.

O

- 1482. obdurate: hardened in feelings or in wrongdoing; unyielding.
- 1483. obdurate: hard-hearted; stubbornly wicked.
- 1484. obeisance: an expression of deference.
- 1485. obfuscate: to darken or obscure.
- 1486. obfuscate: to darken; to obscure.
- 1487. objurgate: express strong disapproval of.
- 1488. objurgate: to scold or rebuke sharply.
- 1489. oblation: an offering.
- 1490. oblivious: forgetful; also, unmindful.
- 1491. obloquy: ill repute.
- 1492. obsequious: servilely attentive; fawning.
- 1493. obsequious: servilely attentive; fawning.
- 1494. obstreperous: noisily and stubbornly defiant; also, boisterous.
- 1495. obstreperous: noisily and stubbornly defiant; also, boisterous.
- 1496. obtrude: to thrust out; also, to impose on others.
- 1497. obviate: to anticipate and dispose of or make unnecessary.
- 1498. obviate: to prevent by interception.
- 1499. officious: meddlesome.
- 1500. officious: meddlesome.
- 1501. olla podrida: a kind of seasoned stew; also, a mixture, a hodgepodge.
- 1502. omnipresent: present in all places at the same time.
- 1503. oneiric: a pertaining to or suggestive of dreams.
- 1504. oneiric: pertaining to or suggestive of dreams.
- 1505. onus: burden; also, blame; stigma.
- 1506. opportune: suitable for a given purpose or occasion.
- 1507. opprobrium: reproach mingled with contempt.
- 1508. orotund: full in sound; also, bombastic.
- 1509. orotund: full in sound; also, pompous.
- 1510. osculation: the act of kissing; a kiss.
- 1511. ossify: to harden or to become bone.
- 1512. ossify: to harden or to become bone.
- 1513. ostensible: appearing to be true, but not necessarily so.
- 1514. ostentation: excessive or pretentious display.
- 1515. ostracize: to banish or expel.
- 1516. ostracize: To expel from a community or group.
- 1517. otiose: ineffective; also, being at leisure; also, of no use.
- 1518. otiose: ineffective; also, being at leisure; also, of no use.
- 1519. outre: unconventional; eccentric; bizarre.
- 1520. overweening: overbearing; also, excessive.
- 1521. overweening: overbearing; also, excessive.

P

- 1522. pabulum: something (as writing or speech) that is trite, insipid, or simplistic.
- 1523. pabulum: something (as writing or speech) that is trite, insipid, or simplistic.

1524. paeon: a song or other expression of praise or joy.
1525. paladin: a champion of a cause.
1526. palaver: idle talk; also, to talk idly.
1527. palaver: idle talk; also, to talk idly.
1528. palimpsest: an object a place whose older layers or aspects are apparent.
1529. palimpsest: an object or place whose older layers or aspects are apparent.
1530. palindrome: a word or phrase that reads the same backward as forward.
1531. palindrome: a word, verse, phrase, or sentence that reads the same backward or forward.
1532. palliate: to extenuate; also, to relieve.
1533. palpable: plain; distinct; obvious.
1534. palpable: plain; distinct; obvious.
1535. panacea: a cure-all.
1536. panacea: a cure-all.
1537. panacea: a remedy for all diseases or problems.
1538. panache: dash or flamboyance in manner or style.
1539. pandemic: affecting a whole people or a number of countries.
1540. panjandrum: an important or self-important official.
1541. panoply: a splendid or impressive array.
1542. panoply: a splendid or impressive array.
1543. pantheon: the collective gods of a people; also, a group of highly esteemed persons.
1544. pantheon: the collective gods of a people; also, a group of highly esteemed persons.
1545. paragon: a model of excellence or perfection.
1546. paragon: a model of excellence or perfection.
1547. pari passu: at an equal pace or rate.
1548. pari passu: at an equal pace or rate.
1549. parley: a conference or discussion; also, to confer.
1550. parlous: dangerous.
1551. parlous: fraught with danger; hazardous.
1552. paroxysm: an outburst; a fit.
1553. paroxysm: any sudden and violent emotion; a fit.
1554. parse: to analyze.
1555. parsimonious: frugal to excess.
1556. parsimony: excessive sparingness in the expenditure of money.
1557. parvenu: a person who has suddenly risen to a higher economic status.
1558. parvenu: an upstart; one newly risen in class or economic status.
1559. pastiche: a hodgepodge; a potpourri.
1560. paterfamilias: the male head of a household or the father of a family.
1561. paterfamilias: the male head of a household; the father of a family.
1562. patina: a superficial layer.
1563. patina: a superficial layer.
1564. patrician: a nobleman; also, a person of refined upbringing, manners, and taste.
1565. patrician: a nobleman; also, a person of refined upbringing, manners, and taste.
1566. paucity: fewness.
1567. paucity: fewness; insufficiency.
1568. peccadillo: a slight offense; a petty fault.
1569. peccadillo: a slight trespass or offense.
1570. peccadillo: a slight trespass or offense.

1571. pecuniary: relating to money.
1572. pejorative: depreciatory; disparaging; unfavorable; belittling.
1573. pejorative: disparaging; belittling.
1574. pelf: money; riches.
1575. pellucid: transparent, clear; also, easily understandable.
1576. pellucid: transparent, clear; easily understandable.
1577. penchant: a strong liking.
1578. penchant: a strong liking.
1579. penury: extreme poverty; also, insufficiency.
1580. penury: extreme poverty; also, insufficiency.
1581. perambulate: to stroll; to walk through or over.
1582. perambulate: to stroll; to walk through or over.
1583. perdurable: very durable; long lasting.
1584. perdurable: very durable; long lasting.
1585. peregrination: a traveling from place to place.
1586. peremptory: precluding or putting an end to all debate or action.
1587. peremptory: precluding or putting an end to all debate or action.
1588. perfidy: faithlessness; treachery.
1589. perforce: by necessity.
1590. perforce: by necessity.
1591. perfunctory: done routinely.
1592. perfunctory: performed mechanically.
1593. peripatetic: walking about or traveling from place to place.
1594. peripatetic: walking about or traveling from place to place.
1595. permeate: to spread or diffuse through.
1596. pernicious: deadly; destructive; exceedingly harmful.
1597. pernicious: deadly; destructive; exceedingly harmful.
1598. perorate: to conclude or sum up a long discourse; also, to speak at length.
1599. perorate: to conclude or sum up a long discourse; also, to speak at length.
1600. perquisite: a benefit in addition to a salary.
1601. perquisite: a benefit in addition to a salary.
1602. persiflage: frivolous or bantering talk.
1603. persiflage: frivolous or bantering talk.
1604. perspicacity: clearness of understanding.
1605. perspicacity: clearness of understanding.
1606. pertinacious: holding obstinately to a belief, purpose, or design; also, stubbornly persistent.
1607. pertinacious: obstinate; also, stubbornly persistent.
1608. pervicacious: stubborn; obstinate.
1609. pettifogger: a petty, unscrupulous lawyer; also, one who quibbles over trivia.
1610. pettifogger: a petty, unscrupulous lawyer; also, who quibbles over trivia.
1611. phantasmagoria: a shifting series or succession of things seen or imagined.
1612. philomath: a lover of learning.
1613. philomath: a lover of learning; a scholar.
1614. philter: a love potion.
1615. physiognomy: the face or appearance.
1616. physiognomy: the face, with respect to the temper of the mind.
1617. piebald: mottled.
1618. piebald: mottled; also, mixed.
1619. pied-a-terre: a temporary or second place of lodging.
1620. pin money: money for incidental expenses; also, a trivial sum.
1621. pin money: money for incidental expenses; also, a trivial sum.

1622. plaint: an expression of sorrow; also, a complaint.
1623. plaintive: expressive of sorrow or melancholy.
1624. plaintive: expressive of sorrow or melancholy.
1625. plangent: beating with a loud or deep sound; also, expressing sadness.
1626. plangent: beating with a loud or deep sound; also, expressing sadness.
1627. platitude: a banal, trite, or stale thought or remark.
1628. platitude: a thought or remark which is banal, trite, or stale.
1629. plaudit: enthusiastic approval.
1630. plaudit: enthusiastic approval.
1631. plebeian: common; vulgar.
1632. plenary: full; complete.
1633. plenary: full; entire; complete.
1634. plenipotentiary: invested with full power.
1635. pleonasm: the use of more words than are necessary to express an idea.
1636. pleonasm: the use of more words than are necessary to express an idea.
1637. plethora: excess.
1638. plethora: excess; superabundance.
1639. politic: political; also, shrewdly tactful.
1640. politic: political; also, shrewdly tactful; also, judicious; expedient.
1641. polyglot: speaking many languages.
1642. polyglot: speaking, writing, or made up of many languages.
1643. polymath: a person of great learning.
1644. polymath: a person of great or varied learning.
1645. popinjay: a vain and talkative person.
1646. portend: to foreshadow; to bode.
1647. portend: to foreshadow; to bode.
1648. portent: a sign or omen.
1649. portentous: foreboding; ominous.
1650. posit: to postulate; also, to suggest.
1651. posit: to postulate; also, to suggest; also, set firmly.
1652. postprandial: happening or done after a meal.
1653. potable: drinkable.
1654. potable: drinkable; also, a beverage, especially an alcoholic one.
1655. potboiler: a usually inferior literary or artistic work, produced quickly for the purpose of making money.
1656. Potemkin village: a false front or facade.
1657. potentate: one who possesses great power or sway.
1658. potentate: one who possesses great power or sway.
1659. practicable: feasible; also, usable.
1660. precipice: a very steep, perpendicular, or overhanging place.
1661. precocious: characterized by or characteristic of exceptionally early development.
1662. predilection: an established preference.
1663. predilection: an established preference.
1664. prelapsarian: pertaining to the time or state before the Fall.
1665. preponderate: to exceed in weight, influence, importance, amount, etc.
1666. prepotency: predominance.
1667. prescience: knowledge of events before they take place.
1668. prescient: knowing or anticipating the outcome of events before they happen.
1669. presentiment: a premonition.
1670. prestidigitation: manual dexterity in the execution of tricks.
1671. prestidigitation: sleight of hand

1672. preternatural: beyond of different from what is natural; inexplicable; extraordinary; abnormal.
1673. preternatural: beyond of different from what is natural; inexplicable; extraordinary; abnormal.
1674. prevaricate: to depart from or evade the truth.
1675. prima facie: at first view.
1676. primogeniture: the state of being the firstborn; also, an exclusive right of inheritance that belongs to the eldest son.
1677. prink: to primp.
1678. privation: the state of being deprived of something.
1679. privation: the state of being deprived of something.
1680. probity: complete and confirmed integrity.
1681. probity: honesty; uprightness.
1682. proclivity: a natural inclination.
1683. proclivity: a natural inclination.
1684. procrastination: the act or habit of delaying doing something.
1685. profligate: dissipated; dissolute.
1686. profligate: shamelessly immoral; also, recklessly wasteful.
1687. profuse: plentiful; copious.
1688. prolix: unnecessarily long.
1689. prolix: wordy.
1690. Promethean: of or pertaining to Prometheus; also, boldly original.
1691. pronunciamiento: a proclamation; a pronouncement.
1692. propinquity: nearness.
1693. propinquity: nearness.
1694. propitiate: to appease; to conciliate.
1695. propitious: presenting favorable circumstances.
1696. propitious: presenting favorable circumstances.
1697. proponent: an advocate.
1698. propound: put forward; to propose.
1699. propound: to put forward for consideration.
1700. proscribe: to forbid; to prohibit.
1701. proscribe: to forbid; to prohibit.
1702. proselytize: to convert (someone) to another religion, belief, etc.
1703. proselytize: to convert (someone) to another religion, belief, etc.
1704. protean: readily assuming different shapes or forms.
1705. protean: readily assuming different shapes.
1706. provenance: origin; source.
1707. provenance: origin; source.
1708. provender: food or provisions.
1709. puckish: whimsical; mischievous; impish.
1710. puckish: whimsical; mischievous; impish.
1711. puerile: displaying a lack of maturity.
1712. puerile: juvenile; childish.
1713. pugilist: a boxer.
1714. pugilist: a boxer.
1715. pugnacious: combative; quarrelsome.
1716. pugnacious: inclined to fighting.
1717. puissant: powerful.
1718. puissant: powerful.
1719. pukka: authentic; genuine; also, first-class.
1720. pukka: authentic; genuine; also, first-class.

- 1721. pulchritude: beauty.
- 1722. pule: to whimper; to whine.
- 1723. punctilious: precise; exact in the smallest particulars.
- 1724. punctilious: precise; exact in the smallest particulars.
- 1725. purblind: having greatly reduced vision.
- 1726. purblind: having greatly reduced vision.
- 1727. purdah: a state of seclusion.
- 1728. pusillanimous: cowardly.
- 1729. pusillanimous: lacking in courage and resolution.
- 1730. putative: commonly thought or deemed; supposed.
- 1731. putative: commonly thought or deemed; supposed.
- 1732. putsch: an attempt to overthrow a government.
- 1733. Pyrrhic victory: a victory achieved at great cost.

Q

- 1734. qua: in the capacity or character of; as.
- 1735. qua: in the capacity or character of; as.
- 1736. quaff: to drink with relish.
- 1737. quaff: to drink with relish.
- 1738. quagmire: a predicament.
- 1739. quandary: a state of difficulty or perplexity.
- 1740. quash: to annul; also, to crush; to subdue.
- 1741. querulous: habitually complaining.
- 1742. querulous: habitually complaining; also, expressing complaint.
- 1743. quiddity: the essence or nature of a thing.
- 1744. quiddity: the essence or nature of a thing.
- 1745. quidnunc: a gossip; a busybody.
- 1746. quidnunc: a gossip; a busybody.
- 1747. quiescent: at rest; still.
- 1748. quiescent: at rest; still; inactive.
- 1749. quietus: final acquittance, as from debt; also, rest; death.
- 1750. quietus: final acquittance, as from debt; that which silences claims; rest; death.
- 1751. quisling: a collaborator; a traitor.
- 1752. quixotic: foolishly impractical; also, capricious, impulsive.
- 1753. quixotic: foolishly impractical; also, capricious; impulsive.
- 1754. quondam: former; sometime.
- 1755. quondam: former; sometime.
- 1756. quorum: a gathering of members of an organization large enough to transact business.
- 1757. quorum: such a number of the officers or members of any body as is legally competent to transact business.
- 1758. quotidian: occurring daily; also, ordinary.
- 1759. quotidian: of an everyday character; ordinary.

R

- 1760. raconteur: a person skilled in telling stories.
- 1761. raconteur: one who excels in telling stories and anecdotes.
- 1762. raffish: tawdry; also, rakish.
- 1763. raffish: tawdry; also, rakish.
- 1764. raillery: good-humored banter or teasing repartee.
- 1765. raiment: clothing in general; garments.
- 1766. rapacious: grasping; greedy.
- 1767. rapacious: grasping; greedy.

1768. rapine: the act of plundering.

1769. rapport: relation characterized by sympathetic understanding, emotional affinity, or mutual trust.

1770. rapport: relation characterized by sympathetic understanding.

1771. rapport: relation.

1772. rapprochement: the establishment or state of cordial relations.

1773. rara avis: a rare or unique person or thing.

1774. rara avis: a rare or unique person or thing.

1775. ratiocination: the process of reasoning.

1776. ratiocination: the process of reasoning.

1777. raucous: unpleasantly loud and harsh.

1778. rebarbative: repellent; irritating.

1779. rebarbative: repellent; objectionable.

1780. recalcitrant: marked by stubborn resistance.

1781. recalcitrant: stubbornly resistant to and defiant of authority or restraint.

1782. recherche: exotic; rare; also, affected, pretentious.

1783. recidivism: a tendency to lapse into a previous condition or pattern of behavior; esp., into prior criminal habits.

1784. recidivism: a tendency to lapse into a previous condition or pattern of behavior; esp., into prior criminal habits.

1785. recondite: difficult to understand.

1786. recondite: incomprehensible to one of ordinary understanding.

1787. recrimination: a counter accusation.

1788. recrudescence: breaking out again.

1789. recumbent: reclining; lying down.

1790. redact: to edit.

1791. redact: to edit.

1792. redivivus: living again; revived; restored.

1793. redolent: having or exuding fragrance; also, evocative, reminiscent.

1794. redoubt: a stronghold.

1795. redoubt: a stronghold.

1796. redoubtable: formidable; also, illustrious; eminent.

1797. redoubtable: formidable; also, illustrious; eminent.

1798. redound: to have a consequence or effect.

1799. redound: to have a consequence or effect.

1800. redress: to set right.

1801. refractory: stubbornly disobedient.

1802. refractory: stubbornly disobedient.

1803. refulgent: brilliant; resplendent.

1804. regale: to entertain with something that delights.

1805. rejoinder: an answer to a reply.

1806. relegate: to assign or remove, usually to an inferior position.

1807. remonstrate: to present and urge reasons in opposition.

1808. remonstrate: to present and urge reasons in opposition.

1809. remunerate: to pay an equivalent to for any service, loss, or expense.

1810. remunerate: to pay an equivalent to for any service, loss, or expense.

1811. remunerate: to pay an equivalent to for any service, loss, or expense.

1812. renascent: rising again into being; showing renewed vigor.

1813. renege: to go back on a promise or commitment.

1814. renege: to go back on a promise or commitment.

1815. repast: a meal.

1816. repast: a meal; figuratively, any refreshment.

1817. repine: to feel or express discontent.
 1818. repine: to feel or express discontent.
 1819. repletion: the condition of being completely or excessively full.
 1820. repletion: the condition of being completely or excessively full.
 1821. requisite: necessary, indispensable.
 1822. requisite: necessary; indispensable.
 1823. requisite: required; indispensable.
 1824. respite: an interval of rest or relief.
 1825. respite: an interval of rest or relief.
 1826. restive: resisting control.
 1827. restive: resisting control; stubborn.
 1828. reticent: inclined to keep silent.
 1829. reticent: inclined to keep silent.
 1830. revenant: one who returns after death or a long absence.
 1831. ribald: characterized by, or given to, vulgar humor.
 1832. ribald: characterized by, or given to, vulgar humor.
 1833. rictus: a gaping grin or grimace.
 1834. rictus: a gaping grin or grimace.
 1835. riparian: of or pertaining to the bank of a river.
 1836. riparian: of or pertaining to the bank of a river.
 1837. riposte: a quick and effective reply by word or act.
 1838. risible: exciting or provoking laughter.
 1839. risible: worthy to be laughed at; amusing.
 1840. rivulet: a small stream or brook.
 1841. robustious: boisterous; vigorous.
 1842. rodomontade: pretentious, bragging speech.
 1843. roister: to revel; to carouse.
 1844. roseate: cheerful; bright; also, rose-colored.
 1845. rotund: round; rounded in figure.
 1846. rotund: round; spherical; also, chubby.
 1847. roue: a man devoted to a life of sensual pleasure.
 1848. rubicund: inclining to redness; ruddy.
 1849. rubicund: inclining to redness; ruddy.
 1850. ruminant: to chew the cud; also, to ponder; to reflect.
 1851. rusticate: to go or send to the country.
 1852. rusticate: to go to the country; also, to force to reside in the country; to banish.

S

1853. sacrosanct: sacred; inviolable.
 1854. sacrosanct: sacred; inviolable.
 1855. sagacious: of keen penetration and judgment; wise.
 1856. salad days: a time of youthful inexperience, innocence, or indiscretion.
 1857. salad days: a time of youthful inexperience, innocence, or indiscretion.
 1858. salient: noticeable; also, projecting; also, leaping.
 1859. salient: noticeable; also, projecting; also, leaping.
 1860. salmagundi: a mixture or assortment; also, a kind of mixed dish or salad.
 1861. salubrious: healthful.
 1862. salubrious: healthful; promoting health.
 1863. salutary: beneficial; also, healthful.
 1864. salutary: beneficial; also, healthful.
 1865. sanctum: a place where one is free from intrusion.

1867. sang-froid: coolness in trying circumstances.
 1868. sang-froid: coolness in trying circumstances.
 1869. sapient: wise; sage; discerning.
 1870. sapient: wise; sage; discerning.
 1871. sardonic: bitterly sarcastic.
 1872. sardonic: scornful, mocking.
 1873. sartorial: of or relating to a tailor, tailoring, or clothing.
 1874. sartorial: of or relating to a tailor, tailoring, or clothing.
 1875. satiety: fullness to or beyond the point of satisfaction.
 1876. satiety: fullness to or beyond the point of satisfaction.
 1877. scapegrace: one who is wild and reckless.
 1878. scapegrace: one who is wild and reckless.
 1879. schadenfreude: a malicious satisfaction in the misfortunes of others.
 1880. schadenfreude: a malicious satisfaction in the misfortunes of others.
 1881. scintilla: a tiny amount; a spark.
 1882. scintilla: a tiny amount; a spark.
 1883. scion: a descendant; an heir.
 1884. scion: a descendant; an heir.
 1885. scrabble: to scrape or scratch with the hands or feet.
 1886. scuttlebutt: gossip; rumor.
 1887. sedition: incitement of rebellion against lawful authority.
 1888. sedulous: diligent in application or pursuit.
 1889. sedulous: marked by care and persistent effort.
 1890. segue: to proceed without interruption.
 1891. segue: to proceed without interruption.
 1892. segue: to proceed without interruption.
 1893. sempiternal: everlasting; endless.
 1894. sempiternal: everlasting; eternal.
 1895. senescence: the state of being or growing old.
 1896. sentient: capable of perceiving by the senses.
 1897. sentient: capable of perceiving by the senses.
 1898. sere: dry; withered.
 1899. serendipity: the faculty or phenomenon of making fortunate accidental discoveries.
 1900. serendipity: the faculty or phenomenon of making fortunate accidental discoveries.
 1901. seriatim: in a series; one after another.
 1902. seriatim: in a series; one after another.
 1903. sesquipedalian: (of words) long; having many syllables.
 1904. sesquipedalian: (of words) long; having many syllables.
 1905. simulacrum: a representation; an insubstantial or vague semblance.
 1906. simulacrum: a representation; an insubstantial or vague semblance.
 1907. sine qua non: an indispensable thing.
 1908. sine qua non: an indispensable thing.
 1909. sinecure: an office or position that involves little work or responsibility.
 1910. sinecure: an office or position which involves little responsibility.
 1911. skulduggery: devious, dishonest, or unscrupulous behavior or activity.
 1912. skulk: To hide in a sneaking manner.
 1913. skulk: to hide in a sneaking manner.
 1914. slake: to satisfy or quench; also, to cause to lessen.
 1915. slaver: to slobber; to drool.
 1916. slaver: to slobber; to drool.

1917. slugabed: a person who stays in bed until a relatively late hour.
1918. slugabed: one who stays in bed until a late hour.
1919. small beer: weak beer; also, matters of little importance.
1920. small beer: weak beer; also, trivia.
1921. sobriquet: a nickname.
1922. sobriquet: a nickname.
1923. soi-disant: self-styled; so-called.
1924. soi-disant: self-styled; so-called.
1925. sojourn: to dwell for a time.
1926. sojourn: to dwell for a time; also, a temporary stay.
1927. solace: comfort in grief.
1928. solace: comfort in grief.
1929. solecism: a nonstandard usage or grammatical construction.
1930. solicitous: manifesting or expressing care or concern.
1931. solicitous: manifesting, expressing, or full of care or concern.
1932. somniferous: causing or inducing sleep.
1933. somniferous: causing or inducing sleep.
1934. somnolent: drowsy; also, tending to cause sleepiness.
1935. somnolent: inclined to sleep.
1936. sonorous: yielding sound; impressive in sound.
1937. sonorous: yielding sound; impressive in sound.
1938. soporific: causing sleep.
1939. soporific: causing sleep; also, something that causes sleep.
1940. sotto voce: spoken low or in an undertone.
1941. sotto voce: spoken low or in an undertone.
1942. sigh: to make a soft, low sighing or rustling sound.
1943. specious: apparently correct, but not so in reality.
1944. specious: apparently right but not so in reality.
1945. spoonerism: the transposition of usually initial sounds in a pair of words.
1946. spoonerism: the transposition of usually initial sounds in a pair of words.
1947. spoony: foolishly or sentimentally in love.
1948. sporadic: occurring singly, or occasionally, or in scattered instances.
1949. spry: nimble.
1950. spurious: not genuine; false; illegitimate.
1951. staid: sober; grave; steady; sedate; composed.
1952. staid: steady or sedate in character.
1953. stanch: to stop the flowing of; to check.
1954. stanch: to stop the flowing of; to check.
1955. starveling: one who is starving or being starved.
1956. starveling: one who is starving or being starved; also, poor in quality.
1957. stasis: a state of balance, equilibrium, or stagnation.
1958. stentorian: extremely loud.
1959. stentorian: extremely loud.
1960. stertorous: characterized by a heavy snoring or gasping sound.
1961. stoic: indifferent to or unaffected by pleasure or pain; also, one who is stoic.
1962. stoic: indifferent to pleasure or pain.
1963. stolid: not easily aroused or excited; dull.
1964. stolid: unexcitable; unemotional.
1965. stormy petrel: a type of seabird; also, one fond of or bringing strife.
1966. stripling: an adolescent youth.
1967. stripling: an adolescent youth.
1968. stripling: an adolescent youth.

1969. suasion: the act of persuading.
1970. sub rosa: secretly; privately; confidentially.
1971. subaltern: subordinate.
1972. subfusc: dark or dull in color.
1973. sublunary: situated beneath the moon.
1974. sublunary: situated beneath the moon; terrestrial.
1975. subterfuge: a deceptive device or stratagem.
1976. subterfuge: a deceptive device or stratagem.
1977. succinct: brief; concise.
1978. succinct: brief; concise.
1979. succor: aid; help; also, to help or relieve.
1980. succor: aid; help; assistance; also, to help or relieve.
1981. sui generis: unique.
1982. sunder: to break apart.
1983. sunder: to disunite.
1984. superannuated: discharged or disqualified on account of old age.
1985. superannuated: old; discharged or disqualified on account of old age.
1986. supercilious: disdainfully arrogant.
1987. supercilious: lofty with pride.
1988. supererogatory: going beyond what is required or expected; also, superfluous, unnecessary.
1989. supererogatory: more than is needed.
1990. superfluous: more than is wanted or is sufficient.
1991. supernal: being on high; celestial.
1992. supernal: being on high; celestial.
1993. supernumerary: exceeding a necessary or usual number.
1994. supernumerary: exceeding a necessary or usual number.
1995. supine: lying on the back; also, indolent; listless.
1996. supine: lying on the back; also, indolent; listless.
1997. supplant: to take the place of.
1998. supposititious: fraudulently substituted; also, hypothetical.
1999. surcease: cessation; stop; end.
2000. surcease: cessation; stop; end.
2001. surfeit: an excessive amount.
2002. surfeit: an excessive amount; also, to supply to excess.
2003. surly: ill-humored and churlish in manner or mood.
2004. surly: ill-humored; sullen and gruff.
2005. surreptitious: done, made, or gotten by stealth; also, marked by stealth.
2006. surreptitious: done, made, or gotten by stealth; also, marked by stealth.
2007. susurration: a whispering; a soft murmur.
2008. susurrus: a whisper; a murmur; a rustling.
2009. susurrus: a whispering or rustling sound.
2010. swan song: a final or farewell appearance, action, or pronouncement.
2011. sybarite: a person devoted to luxury and pleasure.
2012. sybarite: a person devoted to luxury and pleasure.
2013. sycophant: a parasite; a toady.
2014. sycophant: one who seeks favor by flattery; a toady.
2015. sylvan: pertaining to woods or forests.
2016. syncretic: uniting and blending together different belief systems.
T
2017. taciturn: not apt to talk or speak.
2018. taciturn: not inclined to talk.

2019. tarradiddle: a fib; also, pretentious nonsense.
2020. tatterdemalion: a person dressed in tattered clothing.
2021. tattoo: a rapid, rhythmic drumming or rapping.
2022. taw: a large marble.
2023. tchotchke: a trinket; a knickknack.
2024. tchotchke: a trinket; a knickknack.
2025. teetotaler: one pledged to abstinence from alcoholic drinks.
2026. teetotaler: one pledged to abstinence from alcoholic drinks.
2027. temerarious: reckless; rash.
2028. temerity: unreasonable contempt of danger.
2029. temerity: unreasonable or foolhardy contempt of danger.
2030. tendentious: marked by a strong tendency in favor of a particular point of view.
2031. tendentious: marked by a strong tendency in favor of a particular point of view.
2032. tenebrous: dark; gloomy
2033. tenebrous: dark; gloomy.
2034. tenet: any opinion, principle, or doctrine held to be true.
2035. tenet: any opinion, principle, or doctrine held to be true.
2036. tergiversation: evasion; also, desertion of a cause, party, etc.
2037. termagant: a scolding, nagging, bad-tempered woman.
2038. termagant: a scolding, nagging, bad-tempered woman.
2039. terminus: the end of a transportation line or route; any finishing point.
2040. tetchy: peevish; testy; irritable.
2041. tete-a-tete: a private conversation.
2042. thaumaturgy: magic.
2043. thaumaturgy: the performance of miracles or magic.
2044. timorous: full of apprehensiveness.
2045. timorous: full of apprehensiveness; fearful.
2046. tintinnabulation: a tinkling sound, as of a bell or bells.
2047. tirade: a long angry speech.
2048. tirade: a long angry speech.
2049. titivate: to smarten up; to spruce.
2050. titivate: to smarten up; to spruce.
2051. tittle-tattle: idle, trifling talk.
2052. tmesis: in grammar and rhetoric, the separation of the parts of a compound word.
2053. tmesis: in grammar and rhetoric, the separation of the parts of a compound word.
2054. tocsin: a warning.
2055. toothsome: delicious, attractive, or luscious.
2056. toothsome: delicious; attractive; luscious.
2057. toper: a drunkard; a sot.
2058. torpid: dull; sluggish; apathetic.
2059. torpid: dull; sluggish; inactive.
2060. torrid: drying or scorching with heat; burning; parching.
2061. tortuous: marked by repeated turns and bends.
2062. tortuous: marked by repeated turns and bends.
2063. tractable: docile; manageable, governable.
2064. traduce: to vilify.
2065. trammel: something that impedes activity, progress, or freedom; also, to

2066. transmogrify: to change into a different shape.
 2067. transmogrify: to transform.
 2068. transmute: to change from one nature, form, substance, or state into another.
 2069. travail: intense pains; agony.
 2070. travail: painful, arduous work; also, agony, anguish.
 2071. tremulous: shaking, quivering; also, affected with fear.
 2072. trenchant: forceful and vigorous; also, caustic; also, clear-cut.
 2073. trencherman: a hearty eater.
 2074. trepidation: a state of dread or alarm; apprehension.
 2075. trepidation: quaking; quivering.
 2076. trice: an instant; a moment.
 2077. triskaidekaphobia: fear of the number 13.
 2078. triskaidekaphobia: fear of the number 13.
 2079. troglodyte: someone who dwells in a cave.
 2080. troglodyte: someone who dwells in a cave.
 2081. truckle: to act in a subservient manner.
 2082. truckle: to act in a subservient manner.
 2083. truculent: fierce; savage; ferocious.
 2084. tryst: an appointment (as between lovers) to meet.
 2085. tumult: the commotion or agitation of a crowd.
 2086. turbid: muddy; not clear; also, confused; disordered.
 2087. turgid: swollen, bloated; also, bombastic, pompous.
 2088. turpitude: baseness; depravity.
 2089. turpitude: baseness; depravity.
 2090. tutelage: guardianship; protection; also, instruction.
 2091. tutelage: protection; also, instruction.
 2092. tutelary: guardian; protecting.
 2093. tutelary: guardian; protecting.
 2094. tyro: a novice.
 2095. tyro: a novice.

U

2096. ubiquitous: being everywhere.
 2097. ukase: an edict.
 2098. ukase: an edict.
 2099. ululate: to howl; to wail.
 2100. umbrage: offense; resentment.
 2101. umbrage: suspicion of injury or wrong; offense.
 2102. unctuous: excessively suave.
 2103. unctuous: marked by a false or smug earnestness or agreeableness.
 2104. undulant: resembling waves in form, motion, or occurrence.
 2105. undulate: to move in waves.
 2106. unguent: an ointment.
 2107. unguent: an ointment.
 2108. upbraid: to scold or criticize harshly.
 2109. urbane: polished and smooth in manner.
 2110. urbane: polite; refined; elegant.
 2111. uxorious: excessively fond of or submissive to a wife.
 2112. uxorious: excessively fond of, or submissive to, a wife.

V

2113. vade mecum: a book or other thing that one regularly carries about.
 2114. vade mecum: a book or other thing that one regularly carries about.

2116. vagary: an extravagant, erratic, or unpredictable notion, action, or occurrence.
2117. vainglory: empty pride.
2118. vainglory: excessive pride or vain display.
2119. valetudinarian: a weak or sickly person, especially one morbidly concerned with his or her health.
2120. valetudinarian: a weak or sickly person.
2121. vapid: flat; dull; spiritless.
2122. vapid: insipid; flat; dull.
2123. varicolored: having a variety of colors.
2124. variegated: having marks or patches of different colors; also, varied.
2125. variegated: having marks or patches of different colors; also, varied.
2126. vatic: of or characteristic of a prophet or prophecy.
2127. vehement: marked by extreme intensity of emotions or convictions.
2128. vehement: marked by intensity of emotions or convictions.
2129. velleity: a slight wish or inclination.
2130. venal: capable of being bought.
2131. venal: capable of being bought; also, corruptible.
2132. venerate: to treat with deep respect.
2133. venerate: to treat with deep respect.
2134. venial: capable of being forgiven.
2135. venial: capable of being forgiven; excusable.
2136. verbiage: an overabundance of words.
2137. verbiage: the use of many words without necessity.
2138. verbose: wordy.
2139. verdant: covered with growing plants or grass; green.
2140. verdant: green.
2141. verdure: greenness.
2142. verisimilitude: the quality of seeming to be true.
2143. verisimilitude: the quality of seeming to be true.
2144. veritable: real; true; genuine.
2145. vertiginous: causing dizziness; also, giddy; dizzy.
2146. vertiginous: causing dizziness; also, giddy; dizzy.
2147. vet: to subject to thorough appraisal; to evaluate.
2148. vet: to subject to thorough appraisal; to evaluate.
2149. vexillology: the study of flags.
2150. vicissitude: a change in condition or fortune.
2151. vim: energy; vigor.
2152. vim: energy; vigor.
2153. virago: an ill-tempered, overbearing woman; also, a woman of great strength and courage.
2154. vertu: love of or taste for fine objects of art; also, productions of art.
2155. vertu: productions of art (especially fine antiques).
2156. visage: the face; also, appearance; aspect.
2157. visage: the face; also, appearance; aspect.
2158. visage: the face; also, appearance; aspect.
2159. vitiate: to make faulty or imperfect.
2160. vitiate: to make faulty, or imperfect.
2161. vituperate: to overwhelm with wordy abuse.
2162. vivify: to animate.
2163. vivify: to endue with life; to enliven.
2164. vociferous: clamorous; noisy.
2165. vociferous: making a loud outcry.

2166. volte-face: an about-face.
 2167. voluble: characterized by a ready flow of speech.
 2168. voluble: marked by a ready flow of speech.
 2169. voluptuary: a person devoted to luxury and the gratification of sensual appetites.
 2170. voluptuary: a sensualist.
 2171. votary: one devoted to some pursuit, worship, study, or way of life.

W

2172. wag: a humorous person; a wit.
 2173. wag: a wit.
 2174. wan: pale; also, lacking vitality or intensity.
 2175. wan: pale; pallid; also, lacking vitality or intensity.
 2176. wassail: an expression of good wishes on a festive occasion, especially in drinking to someone.
 2177. wastrel: a person who wastes; a loafer.
 2178. wastrel: a person who wastes; a loafer.
 2179. waylay: to ambush or accost.
 2180. wayworn: wearied by traveling.
 2181. wayworn: wearied by traveling.
 2182. wheedle: to entice by flattery.
 2183. wheedle: to entice by soft words.
 2184. Whig: a friend and supporter of the American Revolution.
 2185. winsome: light-hearted.
 2186. winsome: light-hearted.
 2187. wiseacre: a smart aleck.
 2188. wizened: shriveled; withered.
 2189. woebegone: woeful; also, run-down.
 2190. woebegone: woeful; also, run-down.
 2191. woebegone: woeful; also, run-down.
 2192. woolgathering: indulgence in idle daydreaming.
 2193. wraith: a ghost; also, something insubstantial or shadowy.
 2194. wunderkind: a child prodigy.
 2195. wunderkind: one who achieves success or acclaim during youth.

X

2196. xenophobia: fear or hatred of what is strange or foreign.
 2197. Xflummox: to confuse; to perplex.

Y

2198. yeasty: frothy; foamy; spummy, like yeast.
 2199. yen: a strong desire or inclination.
 2200. yen: a strong desire or inclination.

Z

2201. Zeitgeist: the spirit of the time.
 2202. zeitgeist: the spirit of the time.

 QUOTE + >>

The Following 14 Users Say Thank You to Qurratulain For This Useful Post:

[Abdul Subhan Memon](#) (6 Days Ago), [abid.mehmood786](#) (Wednesday, November 18, 2009), [amy](#) (Saturday, March 22, 2008), [buledi](#) (Saturday, May 10, 2008), [DaRk FaiRy](#) (Saturday, May 10, 2008), [fakhera](#) (Wednesday, October 21, 2009), [haiderali](#) (Tuesday, July 21, 2009), [Himmat Na Haar](#) (Friday, October 30, 2009), [Ishanzahmemon](#) (Thursday, October 22, 2009), [MrDecent](#) (Tuesday,

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#2

Friday, February 24, 2006

[Muskan Ghuman](#)

Senior Member



Join Date: Nov 2005
Location: Pakistan
Posts: 1,185
Thanks: 140
Thanked 151 Times in 90 Posts

weldonenice job ...

thanx for sharing...bt it will take months to remember all these

My ALLAH it is enough for my respect that I m "Your" person & it is enough for my pride that "You" are my GOD."You" are exactly the way I desire.Thus please mould me the way "You" desire.

QUOTE +>>

#3

Friday, February 24, 2006

[Sajid Manzoor Ahmed](#)

CSP 2006



Join Date: Nov 2005
Location: Lahore
Posts: 98
Thanks: 2
Thanked 10 Times in 7 Posts

Excellent Qurratulain, good contribution for improving the vocabulary,

Regards,

Sajid.

QUOTE +>>

#4

Thursday, March 02, 2006

Qurratulain

Economist In Equilibrium



Join Date: Feb 2006

Location: The Devil's Paradise

Posts: 2,069

Thanks: 119

Thanked 218 Times in 108 Posts

Some More words

thnx every one for encouraging me.....

here are some more words and useful web links for improving vocabulary

www.dictionary.com

www.thesaurus.com

more words are here

1. vim: energy; vigor.
2. plenary: full; complete.
3. gastronome: a lover of good food and drink.
4. sine qua non: an indispensable thing.
5. exegete: one who explains or interprets difficult parts of written works.
6. recondite: difficult to understand.
7. diktat: an authoritative decree or order.
8. esurient: hungry; greedy.
9. ineffable: incapable of being expressed.
10. dubiety: the condition or quality of being doubtful; also, a matter of doubt.
11. pugilist: a boxer.
12. renascent: rising again into being; showing renewed vigor.
13. sesquipedalian: (of words) long; having many syllables.
14. encumbrance: a burden, impediment, or hindrance.
15. pugnacious: combative; quarrelsome.
16. capricious: whimsical; changeable.
17. comity: a state of mutual harmony, friendship, and respect.
18. quondam: former; sometime.
19. ergo: therefore; consequently.
20. susurration: a whispering; a soft murmur.
21. irrefragable: impossible to refute.
22. tutelage: guardianship; protection; also, instruction.
23. incommunicado: without means or right to communicate.
24. predilection: an established preference.
25. flimsy: showing inappropriate levity; not

26. grandee: a man of elevated rank or station; a nobleman.
27. wunderkind: one who achieves success or acclaim during youth.
28. lucre: money; profit.
29. epigone: an inferior imitator.
30. sang-froid: coolness in trying circumstances.
31. consanguineous: related by blood; descended from the same ancestor
32. malleable: capable of being shaped; also, adaptable.
33. parlous: fraught with danger; hazardous.
34. disparate: fundamentally different; also, composed of dissimilar elements.
35. sapient: wise; sage; discerning.
36. visage: the face; also, appearance; aspect.
37. excoriate: to express strong disapproval of; also, to flay.
38. tendentious: marked by a strong tendency in favor of a particular point of view.
39. milieu: environment; setting.
40. deus ex machina: an agent who appears unexpectedly to solve an apparently insoluble difficulty.
41. autodidact: one who is self-taught.
42. stertorous: characterized by a heavy snoring or gasping sound.
43. eleemosynary: relating to charity; charitable.
44. concupiscence: lust.
45. spoony: foolishly or sentimentally in love.
46. desideratum: something desired.
47. malaise: a condition of uneasiness or ill-being.
48. imbue: to dye; to instill profoundly.
49. canard: an unfounded or false report.
50. probity: complete and confirmed integrity.
51. titivate: to smarten up; to spruce.
52. jovial: merry; joyous; jolly.
53. salutary: beneficial; also, healthful.
54. alacrity: a cheerful readiness, willingness, or promptness.
55. munificent: very generous.
56. cogent: appealing to the mind or to reason; convincing.
57. apothegm: a short, witty, and instructive saying.
58. posit: to postulate; also, to suggest.
59. scion: a descendant; an heir.
60. alfresco: outdoors; outdoor.
61. redivivus: living again; revived; restored.
62. chagrin: acute vexation or embarrassment.
63. gaucherie: a socially awkward or tactless act; also, lack of tact.
64. panache: dash or flamboyance in manner or style.
65. logorrhea: excessive talkativeness.
66. assiduous: constant in application or attention.
67. sylvan: pertaining to woods or forests.
68. voluptuary: a person devoted to luxury and the gratification of sensual appetites.
69. inure: to make used to; also, to take or have effect.
70. auspicious: favorable; also, prosperous; fortunate.
71. tmesis: in grammar and rhetoric, the separation of the parts of a compound word.
72. carapace: a shell; a protective covering.
73. paladin: a champion of a cause.
74. hale: free from disease and weakening conditions; healthy.
75. inviolate: unviolated; inviolable.

76. melange: a mixture.
77. vainglory: excessive pride or vain display.
78. sub rosa: secretly; privately; confidentially.
79. digerati: persons knowledgeable about computers.
80. confrere: a colleague, comrade, or intimate associate.
81. querulous: habitually complaining; also, expressing complaint.
82. vociferous: clamorous; noisy.
83. firmament: the sky; the heavens.
84. jollification: merrymaking; revelry.
85. benefaction: the act of conferring a benefit; also, a benefit conferred.
86. apposite: of striking appropriateness and relevance.
87. cynosure: a center of attention.
88. quiddity: the essence or nature of a thing.
89. perquisite: a benefit in addition to a salary.
90. Hogmanay: the name, in Scotland, for the last day of the year.
91. disport: to frolic; to amuse (oneself).
92. repine: to feel or express discontent.
93. troglodyte: someone who dwells in a cave.
94. abeyance: suspension; temporary cessation.
95. gamine: an urchin; also, a mischievous girl or young woman.
96. sedition: incitement of rebellion against lawful authority.
97. lubricious: lewd; also, slippery or smooth.
98. hebetude: mental dullness or sluggishness.
99. acuity: acuteness of perception or vision.
100. sanctum: a place where one is free from intrusion.
101. empyrean: the highest heaven; the heavens; the sky.
102. demur: to object; also, to delay.
103. rodomontade: pretentious, bragging speech.
104. gallimaufry: a hodgepodge.
105. impregnable: able to resist attack.
106. urbane: polished and smooth in manner.
107. bibulous: of, pertaining to, marked by, or given to the consumption of alcohol.
108. acerbic: sharp, biting, or acid in temper, expression, or tone.
109. redound: to have a consequence or effect.
110. languid: lacking vigor or force.
111. predilection: an established preference.
112. repletion: the condition of being completely or excessively full.
113. transmute: to change from one nature, form, substance, or state into another.
114. forgo: to do without.
115. abed: in bed.
116. malapropism: the usually unintentionally humorous misuse of a word, especially by confusion with one of similar sound; also, an example of such misuse.
117. soi-disant: self-styled; so-called.
118. paean: a song or other expression of praise or joy.
119. flummery: mumbo jumbo; nonsense.
120. dolorous: marked by, causing, or expressing grief or sorrow.
121. puerile: juvenile; childish.
122. nadir: the lowest point.
123. effulgence: the state of being bright and radiant.
124. inchoate: partly but not fully in existence or operation.
125. beneficence: the practice of doing good.
126. omnivorous: eating everything.

127. onus: burden; also, blame; stigma.
128. abstemious: temperate; abstinent; refraining from indulgence.
129. cant: empty, solemn speech.
130. laconic: using or marked by the use of a minimum of words.
131. palpable: plain; distinct; obvious.
132. gewgaw: a trinket; a bauble.
133. conurbation: an aggregation or continuous network of urban communities.
134. sinecure: an office or position that involves little work or responsibility.
135. abjure: to renounce, reject, or shun.
136. lackadaisical: lacking spirit or liveliness.
137. aberrant: abnormal.
138. votary: one devoted to some pursuit, worship, study, or way of life.
139. pelf: money; riches.
140. tocsin: a warning.
141. lexicon: a dictionary; also, the vocabulary of a person, group, etc.
142. umbrage: offense; resentment.
143. orotund: full in sound; also, bombastic.
144. loquacious: very talkative.
145. bruit: To report; to noise abroad.
146. virago: an ill-tempered, overbearing woman; also, a woman of great strength and courage.
147. mawkish: sickly or excessively sentimental.
148. malediction: a curse.
149. susurrus: a whispering or rustling sound.
150. neophyte: a novice.
151. immolate: to kill or destroy, often by fire.
152. capacious: able to contain much.
153. trammel: something that impedes activity, progress, or freedom; also, to hamper.
154. busker: a street musician or performer.
155. sybarite: a person devoted to luxury and pleasure.
156. deride: to laugh at with contempt.
157. cavil: to raise trivial objections; also, a trivial objection.
158. farrago: an assortment; a medley.
159. demagogue: a leader who obtains power by means of appeals to the emotions and prejudices of the populace.
160. quaff: to drink with relish.
161. hirsute: covered with hair or bristles.
162. tenebrous: dark; gloomy.
163. ostentation: excessive or pretentious display.
164. officious: meddlesome.
165. afflatus: a divine inspiration.
166. quorum: such a number of the officers or members of any body as is legally competent to transact business.
167. hauteur: haughtiness; arrogance.
168. xenophobia: fear or hatred of what is strange or foreign.
169. bacchanalia: a revel.
170. immure: to enclose within or as if within walls.
171. deliquesce: to melt away or become liquid.
172. capitulate: to surrender under agreed conditions.
173. adventitious: added extrinsically; not essentially inherent.
174. modicum: a small portion; amount.

175. fetid: stinking.
176. gimcrack: a showy but useless or worthless object.
177. banal: commonplace; trivial.
178. halcyon: peaceful; undisturbed; happy.
179. adamant: not susceptible to persuasion; unyielding.
180. jocund: light-hearted; mirthful.
181. segue: to proceed without interruption.
182. alpenglow: a reddish glow seen near sunset or sunrise on the summits of mountains.
183. subfusc: dark or dull in color.
184. mores: customs; habits; ways.
185. dapple: a small contrasting blotch; also, to mark with spots.
186. winsome: light-hearted.
187. verdure: greenness.
188. propitious: presenting favorable circumstances.
189. nosegay: a bouquet.
190. oneiric: pertaining to or suggestive of dreams.
191. laudable: praiseworthy; commendable.
192. puissant: powerful.
193. diadem: a crown.
194. ebullient: high-spirited.
195. aplomb: confidence; coolness.
196. kobold: a kind of domestic spirit in German mythology.
197. prestidigitation: sleight of hand.
198. rubicund: inclining to redness; ruddy.
199. lambent: playing on the surface; flickering.
200. anodyne: serving to relieve pain.
201. ingenue: a naive girl or young woman, or an actress representing such a person.
202. subterfuge: a deceptive device or stratagem.
203. maelstrom: a large, powerful whirlpool; also, a violent, disordered, or turbulent state of affairs.
204. crepuscular: pertaining to twilight.
205. repast: a meal.
206. soporific: causing sleep; also, something that causes sleep.
207. bivouac: a usually temporary encampment; also, to encamp.
208. quidnunc: a gossip; a busybody.
209. lassitude: lack of vitality or energy.
210. billet-doux: a love letter.
211. wheedle: to entice by flattery.
212. circumlocution: the use of many words to express an idea that might be expressed by few.
213. Zeitgeist: the spirit of the time.
214. affable: easy to speak to; also, gracious.
215. parsimonious: frugal to excess.
216. beholden: obliged; indebted.
217. waylay: to ambush or accost.
218. castigate: to punish or criticize severely.
219. somniferous: causing or inducing sleep.
220. captious: disposed to find fault or raise objections.
221. sojourn: to dwell for a time; also, a temporary stay.
222. ineffectual: not effective; also, ineffectual.

- 223. ubiquitous: being everywhere.
- 224. tryst: an appointment (as between lovers) to meet.
- 225. pari passu: at an equal pace or rate.
- 226. enmity: hatred; ill will.
- 227. numinous: spiritual; holy.
- 228. dilatory: given to, or marked by, procrastination or delay.
- 229. parley: a conference or discussion; also, to confer.
- 230. ephemeral: short-lived.
- 231. truculent: fierce; savage; ferocious.
- 232. vicissitude: a change in condition or fortune.
- 233. schadenfreude: a malicious satisfaction in the misfortunes of others.
- 234. tyro: a novice.
- 235. expatiate: to speak or write at length.
- 236. peccadillo: a slight offense; a petty fault.
- 237. bagatelle: a trifle; also, a short, light literary or musical piece.
- 238. descant: a discourse; also, to discourse.
- 239. canorous: melodious; musical.
- 240. unctuous: marked by a false or smug earnestness or agreeableness.
- 241. evanescent: fleeting.
- 242. venial: capable of being forgiven; excusable.
- 243. garrulous: talkative; also, wordy.
- 244. acumen: quickness or keenness of perception or discernment.
- 245. sentient: capable of perceiving by the senses.
- 246. varicolored: having a variety of colors.
- 247. nostrum: a questionable remedy.
- 248. rictus: a gaping grin or grimace.
- 249. ameliorate: to make or grow better.
- 250. somnolent: drowsy; also, tending to cause sleepiness.
- 251. mien: demeanor; also, aspect; appearance.
- 252. potable: drinkable; also, a beverage, especially an alcoholic one.
- 253. temerarious: reckless; rash.
- 254. introspection: the act or process of self-examination; reflection.
- 255. malfeasance: wrongdoing, misconduct, or misbehavior.
- 256. fealty: fidelity; allegiance; faithfulness.
- 257. atelier: a workshop; a studio.
- 258. apparition: a ghost; also, an unexpected appearance.
- 259. propinquity: nearness.
- 260. ersatz: being a substitute or imitation.
- 261. flummox: to confuse; to perplex.
- 262. iota: a very small quantity or degree.
- 263. ennui: a feeling of weariness and dissatisfaction arising from lack of interest.
- 264. assuage: to soften; to ease, or lessen.
- 265. regale: to entertain with something that delights.
- 266. eke: to gain or supplement with great effort or difficulty.
- 267. badinage: light, playful talk.
- 268. indelible: incapable of being removed or erased.
- 269. volte-face: an about-face.
- 270. kismet: destiny; fate.
- 271. refulgent: brilliant; resplendent.
- 272. caesura: a break or pause in a line of verse; also, any break or pause.
- 273. wastrel: a person who wastes; a loafer.

|||||||50% Complete

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#5

Thursday, March 02, 2006

[Adil Memon](#)

37th Common



Join Date: May 2005
Location: Hyderabad, Pakistan
Posts: 1,251
Thanks: 317
Thanked 447 Times in 244 Posts

Salaam Quratullain,

This list is excellent. Thanks.

Regards,

"The race is not over because I haven't won yet."

Adil Memon
Police Service of Pakistan (P.S.P)
37th Common Training Program

 QUOTE +

#6

Thursday, March 02, 2006

| | | |
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| | <p><u>Qurratulain</u> Economist In Equilibrium</p>  | <p>Join Date: Feb 2006 Location: The Devil's Paradise Posts: 2,069 Thanks: 119 Thanked 218 Times in 108 Posts</p> |
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thnx

thnx for the nice complements.....

|||||||50% Complete

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[PK KAMALIA](#) (Friday, June 12, 2009)

#7

Friday, March 03, 2006

Sajid Manzoor Ahmed

CSP 2006



Join Date: Nov 2005
Location: Lahore
Posts: 98
Thanks: 2
Thanked 10 Times in 7 Posts

Salam,

Good effort Qurratulain, Thankyou for sharing, it will definitely help aspirants,

Thanks again,

Regards,

Sajid.

 QUOTE +>>

#8

Saturday, May 12, 2007

Sumairs

Member

Join Date: Apr 2007
Location: Karachi
Posts: 69
Thanks: 30
Thanked 37 Times in 11 Posts

Its really needs hours to collect them..... U have spend all ur time for us...
THANKS ALOT... I really appreciate all ur work by heart...!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

 QUOTE +>>

#9

Saturday, March 22, 2008

Qazi Umair

Junior Member

Join Date: Mar 2008
Posts: 2
Thanks: 2
Thanked 1 Time in 1 Post

you have done a great job Qurratulain.....Thanks alot! God Bless You !

 QUOTE +>>

#10

Saturday, May 10, 2008

DaRk FaiRy

Junior Member

Join Date: Jul 2007
Location: KaRaChii
Posts: 15
Thanks: 38
Thanked 5 Times in 5 Posts

Great job Qurratullain..... It will definately help out people like me, who want to improve their vocabulary :)

.. !! if my mind can concieve it and my heart can believe it then i can achieve it !!...

 QUOTE +>>

The Following User Says Thank You to DaRk_FaiRy For This Useful Post:

[haiderali](#) (Tuesday, July 21, 2009)

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